

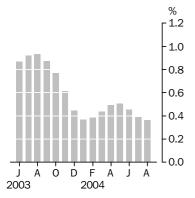
RETAIL TRADE

AUSTRALIA

EMBARGO: 11.30AM (CANBERRA TIME) THURS 30 SEP 2004

Monthly turnover

Trend estimates % change



KEY FIGURES

Turnover at current prices	Aug 04 \$m	Jul 04 to Aug 04 % change
Trend estimates	16 630.6	0.4
Seasonally adjusted estimates	16 566.5	0.2

KEY POINTS

TREND ESTIMATES

- The trend estimate of turnover for the Australian Retail and Hospitality/Services series increased by 0.4% in August 2004. This follows revised increases of 0.4% in July and 0.5% in June.
- The trend estimate increased in all states and territories. The largest increases in August 2004 were in Queensland and Western Australia (+0.7%) and Northern Territory (+0.6%).
- Over the three months to August 2004 the trend estimate increased by \$199m. Food retailing (+\$87m), Department stores and Clothing and soft good retailing (+\$37m) and Other retailing (+\$31m) had the largest increases.

SEASONALLY ADJUSTED ESTIMATES

- The seasonally adjusted estimate of turnover for the Australian Retail and Hospitality/Services series increased by 0.2% (+\$36m) in August 2004. This followed a fall of 1.0% (-\$159m) in July 2004.
- All states and territories except New South Wales, South Australia and Tasmania recorded growth with Victoria (+1.4%, +\$54m) and Queensland (+1.1%, +\$37m) having the strongest growth.

ORIGINAL ESTIMATES

- In original terms, Australian turnover fell by 3.0% in August 2004 compared with July 2004. Chains and other large retailers (which are completely enumerated) fell by 4.1%, while 'smaller' retailers (the sampled units) fell by 1.6%.
- Australian turnover increased by 4.4% in August 2004 compared with August 2003. Chains and other large retailers increased by 5.7%, while 'smaller' retailers increased by 2.7%.

INQUIRIES

■ For further information about these and related statistics, contact the National Information and Referral Service on 1300 135 070 or Graham Phillips on Canberra (02) 6252 5625.

NOTES

FORTHCOMING ISSUES

ISSUE RELEASE DATE

 September 2004
 3 November 2004

 October 2004
 30 November 2004

 November 2004
 7 January 2005

 December 2004
 4 February 2005

 January 2005
 3 March 2005

 February 2005
 4 April 2005

SEASONAL REANALYSIS

As advised in the July 2004 issue of this publication, the normal annual review of the seasonal adjustment process has been undertaken on data up to July 2004. In addition, ARIMA modelling has been incorporated into the seasonal adjustment process for the majority of the Retail trade series and all series have a changed treatment of the trading day component. As a result of these changes the seasonally adjusted and, to a lesser extent, the trend series have been revised. However, for the August 2004 seasonally adjusted movement estimate, the estimate calculated using the new methodology is the same as that which would have been calculated using the previous methodology. For more information about ARIMA modelling, refer to *Feature article: Use of ARIMA modelling to reduce revisions* in the October 2004 issue of *Australian Economic Indicators* (cat. no. 1350.0).

CHAIN VOLUME MEASURES Revised chain volume data to June quarter 2004 incorporating the new sample design and improved estimation method introduced in the July 2004 issue, and the results of the annual seasonal reanalysis are included in this publication. In addition, the implicit price deflators used to construct the chain volume measures have been re-referenced to 1999–2000, something that usually occurs every five years. They have also been seasonally reanalysed. The chain volume data for September quarter 2004 will appear as normal in the next issue.

NET PROCEEDS FROM GAMBLING

The Appendix 'Contribution of Gambling to Retail Estimates' normally included in this issue is not available due to delays in incorporating the new sample design and improved estimation method introduced in the July 2004 issue for other series. However, estimates for June quarter 2004 based on the 'old' sample design and estimation methods are included in paragraph 18 of the Explanatory Notes. The ABS is developing a new electronic release to replace the Appendix and this will improve the timeliness of the data. Further details will be presented in the September 2004 issue.

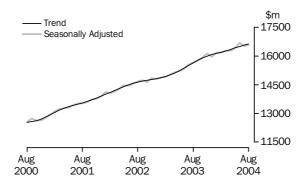
DATA REVISIONS

There have been revisions to the data for Takeaway food retailing for July 2004 due to revised data being provided by respondents.

Dennis Trewin Australian Statistician

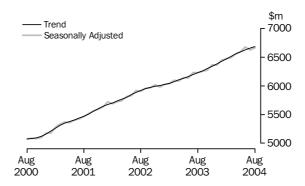
TOTAL RETAIL

The Australian Retail and Hospitality/Services trend estimate has had moderate growth for the last 10 months. Department stores and Clothing and soft good retailing have had strong growth for six and five months, respectively, while Food retailing has had moderate growth for 19 months. Hospitality and services has been in decline for three months.



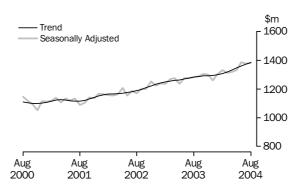
FOOD RETAILING

Moderate trend growth has continued with Western Australia and the Northern Territory having the strongest rates of growth in recent months. New South Wales, Queensland, South Australia and Tasmania have had moderate growth in 2004. Victoria was in decline in July and August 2004.



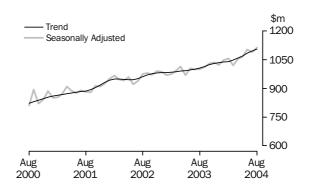
DEPARTMENT STORES

There has been strong trend growth for the last six months. Over the last five months, New South Wales, Victoria, Queensland, South Australia and Western Australia have had strong trend growth with Queensland and Western Australia having the strongest growth.

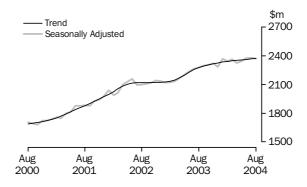


CLOTHING AND SOFT GOOD RETAILING

There has been strong growth in the trend estimate over the last five months. Victoria, Queensland and the Northern Territory have had strong trend growth for six or more months, South Australia for five months and Tasmania for three months. The Australian Capital Territory has been flat or in decline for 11 months.

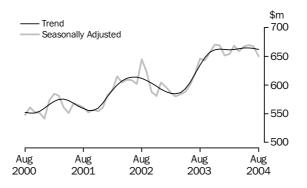


HOUSEHOLD GOOD RETAILING There has been weak trend growth since February 2004. In the last three months, Western Australia and the Australian Capital Territory have had strong growth, New South Wales and Tasmania have had moderate trend growth, and South Australia has been in decline. In August 2004, Victoria had weak growth after being in decline.



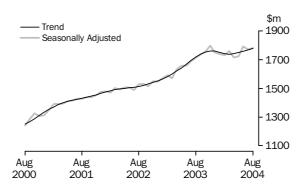
RECREATIONAL GOOD RETAILING

Trend growth was in decline in August and July 2004 after no growth in June. New South Wales has been in decline for 10 months and Victoria and Western Australia have been in decline for six months. South Australia had moderate growth in August 2004 after strong trend growth for 10 months. Queensland and Tasmania had weak and moderate growth, respectively, in August 2004 after periods of strong growth.



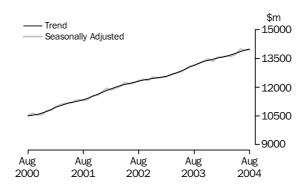
OTHER RETAILING

There has been moderate trend growth for the last four months driven by strong growth in Queensland. New South Wales has been in decline for 10 months and the Australian Capital Territory for six months. Victoria has had eight months of being flat or in decline. Growth in Western Australia has moderated after a nine months of strong growth.

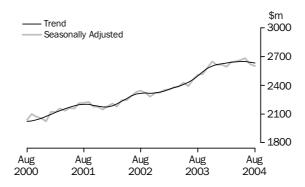


TOTAL RETAIL
(EXCLUDING HOSPITALITY
AND SERVICES)

Total retail (excluding Hospitality and services) has had moderate growth for the last six months. Over this period, the rate of trend growth has been slightly stronger or the same as that of Total industries (including Hospitality and services).

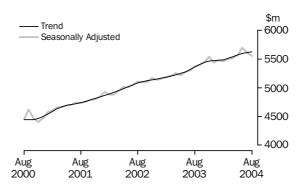


HOSPITALITY AND SERVICES After strong trend growth from June to November 2003, the industry has been in decline for three months. Victoria, Queensland, South Australia and Tasmania have been in decline for the last three months. New South Wales, Western Australia and the Australian Capital Territory moved into decline in August 2004.



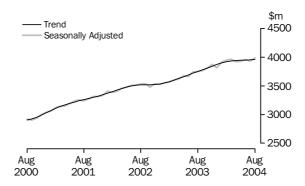
NEW SOUTH WALES

There has been weak to moderate trend growth for the last 11 months. Over the last six months Department stores has had strong growth and Food and Clothing and soft good retailing have had moderate trend growth. Recreational good and Other retailing have been in decline over this period. Hospitality and services has decreased from strong growth in May 2004 to a decline in August 2004.



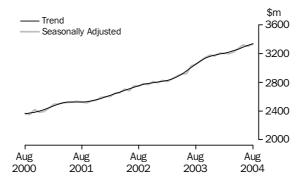
VICTORIA

Trend growth has been weak for the last six months. Clothing and soft good retailing has had strong growth in each of these months, while Department stores had moderate growth in August 2004 after four months of strong growth. All other industries have been flat or in decline for at least the last three months.



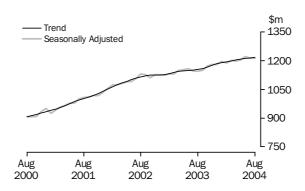
QUEENSLAND

Trend growth was moderate in July and August 2004 after slightly stronger growth in June and May. Over the last six months Department stores, Clothing and soft good retailing and Other retailing have had strong trend growth, Food retailing has had moderate growth, and Hospitality and services has been in decline. Recreational good retailing was weak in August 2004 after six months of strong growth.



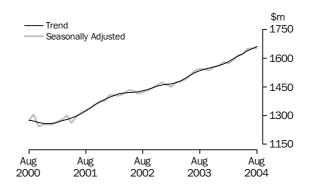
SOUTH AUSTRALIA

In August 2004, the trend growth remained weak for the third consecutive month following six months of moderate growth. Over the last five months there was strong growth in Recreational good retailing, Clothing and soft good retailing and Department stores, while Household good retailing and Hospitality and services were in decline.



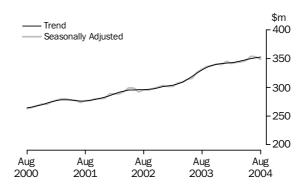
WESTERN AUSTRALIA

Trend growth was moderate in August 2004 after being strong for the previous six months. Department stores and Household good retailing have had strong growth over the last six months. Food retailing and Other retailing had moderate growth in August 2004 after a period of strong growth. Recreational good retailing and Hospitality and services were in decline in August 2004.



TASMANIA

The trend growth has been moderate for the last six months with Food retailing continuing moderate growth. Over the last three months Clothing and soft good retailing has had strong trend growth, Household good retailing has had moderate growth and Hospitality and services has been in decline. Recreational good retailing had moderate growth in August 2004 after four months of strong growth.



RETAIL TURNOVER, By Industry Group(a)

	Food	Donartmont	Clothing and	Household good	Recreational good	Other	Hospitality and	
Month	retailing	Department stores	soft good retailing	retailing	retailing	retailing	services	Total
	• • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • •					
			ORIG	INAL (\$ m	illion)			
2003								
June	5 711.0	1 214.1	967.6	2 182.0	541.3	1 517.6	2 250.6	14 384.2
July	6 168.7	1 155.9	954.7	2 244.8	612.2	1 614.3	2 449.1	15 199.7
August	6 154.9	1 079.9	905.6	2 229.8	624.8	1 640.7	2 534.0	15 169.7
September	6 047.2	1 175.0	969.0	2 267.1	615.7	1 682.7	2 466.7	15 223.5
October	6 486.0	1 292.0	1 055.4	2 405.4	641.4	1 843.5	2 689.1	16 412.9
November	6 370.2	1 503.5	1 081.1	2 431.4	687.2	1 918.8	2 670.8	16 662.9
December	7 236.4	2 386.5	1 497.4	2 945.3	986.2	2 575.6	2 975.6	20 603.2
2004								
January	6 707.8	1 162.1	1 038.6	2 346.4	642.3	1 584.7	2 642.6	16 124.5
February	6 158.0	970.8	844.0	2 115.3	594.8	1 543.3	2 444.1	14 670.3
March	6 480.6	1 107.5	942.6	2 269.4	654.9	1 669.1	2 634.3	15 758.3
April	6 558.0	1 250.3	1 021.9	2 118.9	610.2	1 588.9	2 628.1	15 776.3
May	6 444.5	1 251.9	1 089.1	2 214.6	613.4	1 665.0	2 590.3	15 868.6
June	6 288.7	1 355.0	1 088.0	2 332.4	619.4	1 645.3	2 514.0	15 842.8
July	r6 640.4	1 276.4	1 049.6	2 366.8	658.4	1 680.6	2 647.6	r16 319.8
August	6 460.1	1 143.5	989.0	2 326.1	630.2	1 705.6	2 575.2	15 829.7
		S	FASONALLY	ADIUSTE	D (\$ million)		
		3	LASONALLI	ADJUSTE	D (Ψ IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	,		
2003								
June	6 141.1	1 277.4	1 005.6	2 236.2	600.5	1 659.4	2 391.2	15 311.4
July	6 227.2	1 276.0	997.8	2 266.7	620.1	1 691.0	2 459.2	15 538.0
August	6 232.3	1 281.8	1 001.8	2 275.9	645.9	1 713.4	2 509.6	15 660.6
September	6 257.6	1 290.1	1 011.9	2 295.7	643.1	1 738.4	2 519.7	15 756.5
October	6 279.3	1 304.7	1 031.0	2 306.9	656.4	1 754.5	2 581.4	15 914.2
November	6 366.2	1 299.2	1 036.3	2 319.8	670.5	1 796.9	2 647.7	16 136.5
December	6 362.2	1 261.1	1 023.4	2 285.6	669.3	1 751.3	2 613.4	15 966.2
2004								
January	6 447.1	1 304.5	1 048.6	2 368.9	651.5	1 740.0	2 617.4	16 178.0
February	6 472.1	1 330.4	1 055.8	2 344.9	654.0	1 732.7	2 593.8	16 183.7
March	6 495.9	1 313.0	1 021.3	2 364.9	668.4	1 761.2	2 644.6	16 269.3
April	6 554.1	1 318.5	1 051.9	2 324.5	658.4	1 716.7	2 650.6	16 274.7
May	6 601.9	1 331.3	1 066.6	2 343.1	667.2	1 723.2	2 665.1	16 398.3
June	6 679.2	1 385.7	1 103.0	2 375.1	669.7	1 791.4	2 685.0	16 689.0
July	6 625.2	1 375.4	1 090.1	2 379.1	667.5	1 771.9	2 620.8	16 530.1
August	6 665.3	1 384.5	1 112.5	2 373.4	650.1	1 781.0	2 599.8	16 566.5
	• • • • • • •							
			TREND ES	TIMATES	(\$ million)			
2002								
2003	0.405.5	4 074 4	000 5	0.000.0	CO 4 F	4 007 0	0.400.4	45.004.0
June	6 165.5	1 271.1	996.5	2 230.3	604.5	1 667.9	2 429.1	15 364.9
July	6 197.0	1 277.5	1 000.9	2 257.2	619.6	1 693.8	2 460.5	15 506.4
August	6 229.8	1 282.9	1 006.5	2 277.7	635.1	1 719.1	2 499.6	15 650.8
September	6 264.9	1 287.2	1 014.6	2 292.5	648.2	1 739.8	2 540.3	15 787.4
October	6 302.4	1 290.6	1 023.5	2 304.7	657.1	1 754.1	2 575.8	15 908.3
November	6 341.6	1 293.2	1 030.8	2 316.2	661.6	1 761.5	2 601.3	16 006.2
December	6 382.4	1 295.4	1 034.9	2 326.7	662.6	1 759.6	2 615.7	16 077.2
2004	6 405 0	4 000 7	4 007 0	0.005.0	004.0	4 754 4	0.000.0	40 400 0
January	6 425.9	1 299.7	1 037.9	2 335.3	661.9	1 751.4	2 623.9	16 136.0
February	6 471.9	1 306.9	1 041.2	2 342.0	661.6	1 742.5	2 632.0	16 198.1
March	6 516.2	1 318.1	1 047.2	2 347.2	662.1	1 738.2	2 639.7	16 268.5
April	6 557.2	1 332.0	1 057.1	2 351.7	663.1	1 741.0	2 646.5	16 348.4
May	6 594.8	1 346.5	1 069.7	2 356.4	664.3	1 749.5	2 650.7	16 431.3
June	6 627.9	1 360.4	1 083.1	2 362.1	664.4	1 759.5	2 648.9	16 506.2
July	6 656.2	1 373.0 1 383.5	1 095.5 1 106.6	2 367.6 2 374.7	663.7 661.7	1 769.9 1 780.3	2 642.7 2 634.4	16 570.4 16 630.6
August	6 681.6							

r revised

⁽a) See paragraph 5 of the Explanatory Notes.

	Food	Department	Clothing and soft good	Household good	Recreational good	Other	Hospitality and	
Month	retailing	stores	retailing	retailing	retailing	retailing	services	Tota
• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •				preceding		• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •
2003		ORTATIVA	AL (// Cilai	ige iroiii	preceding	month,		
June	-7.3	0.2	-4.6	3.2	-2.6	-5.8	-5.7	-4.5
July	-7.3 8.0	-4.8	-4.6 -1.3	2.9	-2.0 13.1	-5.8 6.4	-5.7 8.8	-4.5 5.7
August			-1.3 -5.1	-0.7	2.1	1.6	3.5	
_	-0.2 -1.7	-6.6 8.8	-3.1 7.0	-0.7 1.7	-1.5	2.6	-2.7	-0.2 0.4
September	-1.7 7.3	10.0	7.0 8.9	6.1	-1.5 4.2	2.6 9.6	-2.7 9.0	7.8
October November								
	–1.8 13.6	16.4	2.4 38.5	1.1 21.1	7.1 43.5	4.1	-0.7	1.5 23.6
December 2004		58.7				34.2	11.4	
January	-7.3	-51.3	-30.6	-20.3	-34.9	-38.5	-11.2	-21.7
February	-8.2	-16.5	-18.7	-9.8	-7.4	-2.6	-7.5	-9.0
March	5.2	14.1	11.7	7.3	10.1	8.1	7.8	7.4
April	1.2	12.9	8.4	-6.6	-6.8	-4.8	-0.2	0.1
May	-1.7	0.1	6.6	4.5	0.5	4.8	-1.4	0.6
June	-2.4	8.2	-0.1	5.3	1.0	-1.2	-2.9	-0.2
July	5.6	-5.8	-3.5	1.5	6.3	2.1	5.3	3.0
August	-2.7	-10.4	-5.8	-1.7	-4.3	1.5	-2.7	-3.0
					e from pre		nth)	• • • • • •
2003	02//0	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, p. c		,	
June	0.0	3.3	3.8	1.6	2.1	0.1	-1.4	0.6
July	1.4	-0.1	-0.8	1.4	3.3	1.9	2.8	1.5
-	0.1	-0.1 0.5	-0.8 0.4	0.4	3.3 4.2	1.3	2.1	0.8
August								
September	0.4 0.3	0.7 1.1	1.0 1.9	0.9	-0.4 2.1	1.5 0.9	0.4 2.4	0.6 1.0
October				0.5				
November December	1.4 -0.1	-0.4 -2.9	0.5 -1.2	0.6 -1.5	2.1 -0.2	2.4 -2.5	2.6 -1.3	1.4 -1.1
2004	0.1	2.0		2.0	0.2	2.0	2.0	
January	1.3	3.4	2.5	3.6	-2.7	-0.6	0.2	1.3
February	0.4	2.0	0.7	-1.0	0.4	-0.4	-0.9	0.0
March	0.4	-1.3	-3.3	0.9	2.2	1.7	2.0	0.5
April	0.9	0.4	3.0	-1.7	-1.5	-2.5	0.2	0.0
May	0.7	1.0	1.4	0.8	1.3	0.4	0.5	0.8
June	1.2	4.1	3.4	1.4	0.4	4.0	0.7	1.8
July	-0.8	-0.7	-1.2	0.2	-0.3	-1.1	-2.4	-1.0
August	0.6	0.7	2.1	-0.2	-2.6	0.5	-0.8	0.2
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	NEND FOT	MATEO (2)				- \	• • • • • •
2002	1 F	KEND ESII	WIAIES (%	change f	rom prece	uing monti	1)	
2003 June	0.5	0.5	0.4	1.4	1.9	1.5	1.0	0.9
July	0.5	0.5	0.4	1.2	2.5	1.6	1.3	0.9
August	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.9	2.5	1.5	1.6	0.9
C 1 - 1 - 1	0.6	0.3	0.8	0.6	2.1	1.2	1.6	0.9
September	0.6	0.3	0.9	0.5	1.4	0.8	1.4	3.0
October		0.2	0.7	0.5	0.7	0.4	1.0	0.6
October November	0.6				0.1	-0.1	0.6	0.4
October November December		0.2	0.4	0.5				
October November December 2004	0.6 0.6	0.2			0.4	0.5	0.2	0 /
October November December 2004 January	0.6 0.6 0.7	0.2	0.3	0.4	-0.1	-0.5	0.3	
October November December 2004 January February	0.6 0.6 0.7 0.7	0.2 0.3 0.6	0.3 0.3	0.4 0.3	0.0	-0.5	0.3	0.4
October November December 2004 January February March	0.6 0.6 0.7 0.7 0.7	0.2 0.3 0.6 0.9	0.3 0.3 0.6	0.4 0.3 0.2	0.0 0.1	-0.5 -0.2	0.3 0.3	0.4 0.4
October November December 2004 January February March April	0.6 0.6 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.6	0.2 0.3 0.6 0.9 1.1	0.3 0.3 0.6 0.9	0.4 0.3 0.2 0.2	0.0 0.1 0.2	-0.5 -0.2 0.2	0.3 0.3 0.3	0.4 0.4 0.5
October November December 2004 January February March April May	0.6 0.6 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.6 0.6	0.2 0.3 0.6 0.9 1.1 1.1	0.3 0.3 0.6 0.9 1.2	0.4 0.3 0.2 0.2	0.0 0.1 0.2 0.2	-0.5 -0.2 0.2 0.5	0.3 0.3 0.3 0.2	0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5
October November December 2004 January February March April May June	0.6 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.6 0.6	0.2 0.3 0.6 0.9 1.1 1.1	0.3 0.3 0.6 0.9 1.2	0.4 0.3 0.2 0.2 0.2	0.0 0.1 0.2 0.2 0.0	-0.5 -0.2 0.2 0.5 0.6	0.3 0.3 0.3 0.2 -0.1	0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5
October November December 2004 January February March April May	0.6 0.6 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.6 0.6	0.2 0.3 0.6 0.9 1.1 1.1	0.3 0.3 0.6 0.9 1.2	0.4 0.3 0.2 0.2	0.0 0.1 0.2 0.2	-0.5 -0.2 0.2 0.5	0.3 0.3 0.3 0.2	0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.4

⁽a) See paragraph 5 of the Explanatory Notes.

RETAIL TURNOVER, By Sub-Group(a): Original

	500D DE	TAILING				CLOTHING			HOUGEHO	N D 000D I	DETAILING	
	FOOD RE		•••••	••••••		GOOD RE	IAILING		HOUSEHO)LD GOOD I	RETAILING	
							Foot- wear,				Domestic	
	Super-						fabric			Domestic	appliance	
	markets	Take-					& other		Furniture	hardware	&	
	&	away	Other		Depart-		soft		& floor	& house-	recorded	
	grocery	food	food		ment	Clothing	good		covering	ware	music	
Month	stores	retailing	retailing	Total	stores	retailing	retailing	Total	retailing	retailing	retailing	Total
• • • • • • • • •					• • • • • • • •			• • • • • • •				
					\$ M	IILLION						
2003												
August	4 409.5	697.2	1 048.2	6 154.9	1 079.9	671.0	234.6	905.6	544.8	728.1	956.9	2 229.8
September	4 301.4	681.8	1 064.1	6 047.2	1 175.0	719.2	249.9	969.0	557.7	784.1	925.3	2 267.1
October	4 647.4	724.3	1 114.2	6 486.0	1 292.0	777.3		1 055.4	578.8	818.3	1 008.3	2 405.4
November	4 546.7	698.6	1 124.9	6 370.2	1 503.5	803.3	277.8	1 081.1	580.3	826.7	1 024.4	2 431.4
December	5 043.5	767.3	1 425.6	7 236.4	2 386.5	1 147.3	350.1	1 497.4	593.3	880.7	1 471.3	2 945.3
2004												
January	4 823.2	750.5	1 134.1	6 707.8	1 162.1	758.4		1 038.6	545.7	711.4	1 089.3	2 346.4
February	4 441.5	674.2	1 042.3	6 158.0	970.8	630.4	213.6	844.0	496.4	650.8	968.2	2 115.3
March	4 674.3	696.1	1 110.2	6 480.6	1 107.5	694.6	247.9	942.6	556.9	695.0	1 017.5	2 269.4
April	4 675.1	739.8	1 143.2	6 558.0	1 250.3	771.7	250.2	1 021.9	510.4	665.5	942.9	2 118.9
May	4 644.7	721.2	1 078.5	6 444.5	1 251.9	822.9	266.2	1 089.1	540.2	671.1	1 003.3	2 214.6
June	4 510.6	701.7	1 076.4	6 288.7	1 355.0	821.4	266.7	1 088.0	571.0	662.8	1 098.6	2 332.4
July	4 776.1	r760.8	1 103.5	r6 640.4	1 276.4	768.7	280.9	1 049.6	583.3	709.5	1 074.0	2 366.8
August	4 631.9	737.4	1 090.7	6 460.1	1 143.5	719.1	269.9	989.0	551.9	727.8	1 046.5	2 326.1
						• • • • • •		• • • • • • •				
				% CHAI	NGE FROM	PRECE	DING M	10NTH				
2003												
August	-0.2	-0.8	0.1	-0.2	-6.6	-4.4	-7.2	-5.1	-4.4	6.3	-3.4	-0.7
September	-2.5	-2.2	1.5	-1.7	8.8	7.2	6.5	7.0	2.4	7.7	-3.3	1.7
October	8.0	6.2	4.7	7.3	10.0	8.1	11.3	8.9	3.8	4.4	9.0	6.1
November	-2.2	-3.5	1.0	-1.8	16.4	3.3	-0.1	2.4	0.3	1.0	1.6	1.1
December	10.9	9.8	26.7	13.6	58.7	42.8	26.1	38.5	2.2	6.5	43.6	21.1
2004												
January	-4.4	-2.2	-20.4	-7.3	-51.3	-33.9	-20.0	-30.6	-8.0	-19.2	-26.0	-20.3
February	-7.9	-10.2	-8.1	-8.2	-16.5	-16.9	-23.8	-18.7	-9.0	-8.5	-11.1	-9.8
March	5.2	3.2	6.5	5.2	14.1	10.2	16.1	11.7	12.2	6.8	5.1	7.3
April	0.0	6.3	3.0	1.2	12.9	11.1	0.9	8.4	-8.3	-4.2	-7.3	-6.6
May	-0.6	-2.5	-5.7	-1.7	0.1	6.6	6.4	6.6	5.8	0.8	6.4	4.5
June	-2.9	-2.7	-0.2	-2.4	8.2	-0.2	0.2	-0.1	5.7	-1.2	9.5	5.3
July	5.9	8.4	2.5	5.6	-5.8	-6.4	5.3	-3.5	2.2	7.0	-2.2	1.5
August	-3.0	-3.1	-1.2	-2.7	-10.4	-6.5	-3.9	-5.8	-5.4	2.6	-2.6	-1.7
• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	% CH			DRRESPON						• • • • • • •	• • • • • •
2003												
August	3.1	12.3	0.7	3.7	3.6	3.5	-5.1	1.1	11.8	16.9	-2.5	6.6
September	6.5	10.6	1.8	6.1	13.2	7.7	-2.3	4.9	17.0	20.9	1.0	11.1
October	6.3	10.6	2.8	6.1	8.8	7.5	3.1	6.3	11.8	17.1	4.2	10.1
November	4.1	9.1	2.2	4.3	2.3	4.0	1.2	3.2	9.7	12.6	1.5	7.0
December	7.5	11.1	4.5	7.3	3.7	6.2	3.1	5.4	10.5	8.6	5.3	7.3
2004	1.5	-1.1	4.5	1.0	5.1	0.2	5.1	5.7	10.5	0.0	5.5	1.5
January	7.1	10.8	6.6	7.4	7.7	10.6	6.0	9.3	11.8	7.9	13.2	11.2
February	9.5	18.6	9.0	10.3	10.0	13.1	4.0	10.7	12.1	10.9	15.2	13.4
March	5.9	10.8	8.2	6.8	3.4	3.1	4.1	3.3	14.1	5.8	15.9	11.9
April	8.5	11.3	11.7	9.3	4.4	5.1	0.2	3.9	2.1	6.2	13.3	8.2
May	4.0	5.7	6.6	4.6	3.4	9.2	2.3	7.4	1.1	4.2	7.2	4.7
June	10.5	5. <i>1</i> 5.8	11.4	10.1	11.6	14.8	5.7	12.5	2.1	3.3	12.0	6.9
Julie										3.6		
luky	0 1	0 1	E /	7 6	10.7	0 =	111	αα				
July August	8.1 5.0	8.2 5.8	5.4 4.1	7.6 5.0	10.4 5.9	9.5 7.2	11.1 15.0	9.9 9.2	2.4 1.3	0.0	8.4 9.4	5.4 4.3

revised

⁽a) See paragraph 5 of Explanatory Notes.



RECREATIONAL OTHER RETAILING HOSPITALITY & SERVICES GOOD RETAILING News-Other Pharma-Cafes paper, recreceutical, Other book & ational cosmetic Hotels & & stationery goods & toiletry retailing licensed restau-Selected Total all retailing retailing retailing n.e.c. clubs rants industries Month \$ MILLION 2003 666.9 973.8 1 640.7 1 431.3 907.1 195.6 2 534.0 August 421.6 203.3 624.8 15 169.7 September 409.8 205.9 615.7 668.3 1 014.5 1 682.7 1 383.0 896.7 187.0 2 466.7 15 223.5 October 413.7 227.7 641.4 740.2 1 103.3 1 487.8 2 689.1 16 412.9 1 843.5 1 004.4 196.9 November 428.8 258.4 687.2 734.9 1 183.9 1 918.8 1 482.6 992.7 195.5 2 670.8 16 662.9 December 569.1 417.1 986.2 882.2 1 693.5 2 575.6 1 624.0 1 114.0 237.6 2 975.6 20 603.2 2004 January 415.6 226.6 642.3 640.8 943.9 1 584.7 1 446.0 991.1 205.5 2 642.6 16 124.5 594.8 922.1 1543.3 1.311.4 February 401.4 193.4 621.2 949.1 183.6 2 444.1 14 670.3 March 434.9 220.1 654.9 703.4 965.7 1 669.1 1 418.0 1 026.1 190.2 2 634.3 15 758.3 404.5 April 205.6 610.2 685.6 903.3 1 588.9 1 435.6 986.7 205.8 2 628.1 15 776.3 418.9 194.5 613.4 715.0 949.9 1 665.0 1 407.5 980.0 202.8 2 590.3 15 868.6 May June 409.3 210.1 619.4 710.4 934.9 1 645.3 1 397.2 919.0 197.8 2 514.0 15 842.8 ^ 212.4 July 437.5 220.9 658.4 723.5 957.1 1 680.6 1 466.2 969.0 2 647.6 r16 319.8 ^ 195.7 429.2 201.0 630.2 731.6 974.0 1 705.6 1 415.7 963.8 2 575.2 15 829.7 August % CHANGE FROM PRECEDING MONTH 2003 August 4.1 -1.92.1 -0.23.0 1.6 3.2 4.6 0.4 3.5 -0.2September -2.8 1.3 -1.5 0.2 4.2 2.6 -3.4 -1.1 -4.4 -2.7 0.4 October 9.0 7.8 0.9 10.6 4.2 10.8 8.8 9.6 7.6 12.0 5.3 -0.7-0.3 -0.8-0.7November 3.7 13.4 7.1 7.3 4.1 -1.21.5 December 20.0 9.5 32.7 61.4 43.5 43.0 34.2 12.2 21.6 11.4 23.6 2004 -27.4 -27.0-45.7-34.9 -44.3 -38.5 -11.0 -11.0 -13.5-11.2 -21.7 January February -3.4-14.7-7.4-3.1-2.3-2.6-9.3-4.2-10.7-7.5-9.0 7.4 March 8.3 13.8 10.1 13.2 4.7 8.1 8.1 8.1 3.6 7.8 April -7.0-6.6 -6.8-2.5-6.5-4.81.2 -0.20.1 -3.88.2 May 3.5 -5.4 0.5 4.3 5.2 4.8 -2.0 -0.7-1.5-1.40.6 -2.3 8.1 1.0 -0.6 -1.6 -0.7 -6.2 -2.5 -2.9 -0.2 June -1.2July 6.9 5.1 6.3 1.8 2.4 2.1 4.9 5.4 7.4 5.3 3.0 August -1.9-9.0 -4.31.8 1.5 -3.4-2.7-3.01.1 -0.5-7.9% CHANGE FROM CORRESPONDING MONTH OF PREVIOUS YEAR 2003 10.1 6.9 August -2.0-2.6-2.211.1 10.7 4.9 10.8 4.8 4.9 13.3 September 7.1 3.1 5.7 14.7 14.2 3.6 16.1 4.9 7.9 8.4 October 12.6 9.9 11.6 26.1 12.5 17.6 11.7 26.9 -1.015.8 9.8 November 16.8 12.3 23.9 9.8 14.8 9.4 20.9 -0.412.6 5.5 7.1 December 19.1 4.2 12.3 24.8 9.3 14.2 8.4 21.6 6.8 12.8 8.5 2004 10.1 6.3 8.7 8.6 20.5 1.7 10.6 January 16.0 7.2 February 14.6 11.2 13.5 9.6 12.1 26.7 6.3 13.9 11.7 19.2 17.2 18.5 20.1 4.4 23.5 10.9 March 9.9 14.0 2.1 8.9 April 20.1 13.3 12.9 7.0 22.2 20.0 13.2 8.7 1.9 0.1 5.3 May 16.3 -0.410.4 10.0 -1.23.4 3.8 15.3 11.9 8.5 5.4 18.6 7.1 14.4 15.5 3.6 8.4 6.7 18.5 19.5 11.7 10.1 June July 8.1 6.5 7.6 8.2 1.2 4.1 5.7 11.7 9.0 8.1 7.4

-1.1

0.9

1.8

August

4.0

9.7

-1.1

0.1

6.2

4.4

estimate has a relative standard error of 10% to less than 25% and should be used with caution

r revised

⁽a) See paragraph 5 of Explanatory Notes.



RETAIL TURNOVER, By state

Month	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Australia
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	, 1000 0110	, add a				, 1000 0
			ORIO	GINAL (\$	million)				
2003									
June	4 957.1	3 450.6	2 760.8	1 083.3	1 391.7	290.4	149.8	300.6	14 384.
July	5 152.8	3 651.7	2 994.4	1 121.9	1 494.9	314.2	166.7	303.0	15 199.
August	5 206.0	3 595.9	2 993.4	1 104.0	1 487.3	312.2	167.4	303.5	15 169.
September	5 261.5	3 587.3	3 035.7	1 098.9	1 466.7	315.9	157.2	300.3	15 223.
October	5 611.9	3 921.9	3 266.3	1 211.9	1 588.5	343.9	162.8	305.6	16 412.9
November	5 729.5	3 992.9	3 266.9	1 229.4	1 616.7	352.2	156.6	318.7	16 662.
December	7 025.1	5 021.7	4 023.6	1 514.6	2 012.7	442.4	172.3	390.9	20 603.
2004									
January	5 436.5	3 858.8	3 254.3	1 194.0	1 598.3	349.7	139.8	293.3	16 124.
February	4 944.9	3 606.3	2 881.7	1 069.3	1 437.7	317.6	134.1	278.6	14 670.
March	5 310.1	3 900.2	3 052.7	1 174.6	1 539.5	340.4	143.3	297.5	15 758.
April	5 357.6	3 798.0	3 088.2	1 178.1	1 567.5	342.4	150.7	293.6	15 776.
May	5 442.6	3 782.7	3 129.0	1 163.6	1 560.8	330.4	158.9	300.6	15 868.
June	5 350.5	3 764.1	3 197.9	1 163.3	1 560.0	334.5	170.7	301.8	15 842.
July	r5 514.5	r3 865.0	r3 286.0	r1 198.4	r1 628.1	r343.5	r179.1	r305.3	r16 319.
August	5 337.1	3 779.4	3 214.6	1 142.2	1 564.5	322.2	174.5	295.2	15 829.
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •
		;	SEASONALL	Y ADJUST	ED (\$ m	illion)			
2003									
June	5 277.6	3 664.9	2 918.2	1 159.5	1 510.3	315.5	149.7	315.8	15 311.
July	5 300.3	3 746.0	3 027.5	1 146.6	1 534.2	326.2	152.3	304.8	15 538.
August	5 374.1	3 746.6	3 054.1	1 145.6	1 544.4	331.9	153.0	310.9	15 660.
September	5 395.5	3 767.3	3 101.1	1 145.0	1 544.4	336.4	152.9	312.2	15 756.
October	5 445.8	3 816.8	3 146.7	1 173.2	1 537.7	337.5	154.0	302.4	15 756.
November	5 542.9	3 872.7	3 182.1	1 181.3	1 553.9	341.0	155.9	306.6	16 136.
December 2004	5 440.3	3 813.8	3 167.9	1 180.5	1 562.7	339.5	155.5	306.1	15 966.
	E 470.0	2.040.4	2 000 0	4 400 0	4 570 4	245.4	455.4	207.2	46 470
January	5 478.8	3 912.4	3 202.8	1 196.6	1 579.4	345.4	155.4	307.3	16 178.
February	5 463.1	3 948.7	3 206.9	1 189.0	1 572.1	341.2	156.7	306.1	16 183.
March	5 506.1	3 966.7	3 202.7	1 201.8	1 590.5	343.3	154.1	304.1	16 269.
April	5 515.3	3 920.7	3 220.4	1 199.0	1 613.2	344.3	158.5	303.4	16 274.
May	5 566.2	3 925.2	3 272.0	1 204.1	1 619.9	346.6	160.8	303.6	16 398.
June	5 698.3	3 961.8	3 322.9	1 222.4	1 649.4	354.2	167.5	312.5	16 689.
July	5 611.0	3 935.6	3 299.6	1 213.7	1 651.0	353.3	161.9	304.0	16 530.
August	5 556.6	3 989.6	3 336.4	1 212.4	1 653.8	349.0	162.3	306.4	16 566.
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •					• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •
			IREND E	STIMATES	(\$ milli	on)			
2003									
June	5 279.7	3 689.7	2 956.1	1 149.6	1 510.7	319.2	150.2	309.8	15 364.
July	5 318.5	3 721.3	3 005.2	1 151.4	1 524.1	324.8	151.3	309.9	15 506.
August	5 363.7	3 751.7	3 054.8	1 154.3	1 534.5	330.2	152.5	309.3	15 650.
September	5 408.1	3 780.6	3 100.4	1 159.3	1 542.3	334.7	153.6	308.3	15 787.
October	5 444.1	3 810.6	3 138.4	1 166.8	1 548.4	338.2	154.4	307.4	15 908.
November	5 466.6	3 842.4	3 165.6	1 175.6	1 554.2	340.4	154.4	306.6	16 006.
December	5 474.6	3 873.6	3 181.8	1 173.0	1 561.0	341.4	155.1	305.9	16 000.
2004	5 414.0	3013.0	2 101.0	1 103.1	1 301.0	341.4	133.1	303.8	10 011.
January	5 478.6	2 001 5	3 192.9	1 190.0	1 570.1	342.0	155.4	305.5	16 126
,		3 901.5							16 136.
February	5 489.6	3 922.8	3 204.8	1 194.8	1 581.9	342.9	156.1	305.2	16 198.
March	5 511.9	3 935.2	3 220.3	1 199.0	1 595.3	344.3	157.3	305.2	16 268.
April	5 542.4	3 941.8	3 241.3	1 203.2	1 609.5	346.0	159.0	305.4	16 348.
May	5 574.1	3 946.0	3 265.8	1 207.5	1 623.8	348.0	160.7	305.7	16 431.
June	5 598.5	3 950.1	3 290.5	1 211.4	1 637.5	349.8	162.3	306.1	16 506.
		3 954.9	3 313.8	1 214.6	1 649.9	351.2	163.5	306.5	16 570.
July August	5 615.4 5 628.5	3 960.3	3 336.7	1 214.0	1 661.9	352.5	164.5	306.9	16 630.

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RETAIL TURNOVER PERCENTAGE CHANGE, By state

	New South			South	Western		Northern	Australian Capital	
Month	Wales	Victoria	Queensland	Australia	Australia	Tasmania	Territory	Territory	Australia
• • • • • • • • • •									
		OR	IGINAL (%	change fr	om prece	eding mon	th)		
2003									
June	-4.3	-4.5	-3.4	-5.5	-6.4	-6.6	-0.7	-2.6	-4.5
July	3.9	5.8	8.5	3.6	7.4	8.2	11.3	0.8	5.7
August	1.0	-1.5	0.0	-1.6	-0.5	-0.6	0.4	0.1	-0.2
September	1.1	-0.2	1.4	-0.5	-1.4	1.2	-6.1	-1.0	0.4
October	6.7	9.3	7.6	10.3	8.3	8.9	3.6	1.8	7.8
November	2.1	1.8	0.0	1.4	1.8	2.4	-3.9	4.3	1.5
December	22.6	25.8	23.2	23.2	24.5	25.6	10.0	22.6	23.6
2004	22.6	22.0	10.1	24.0	20.6	24.0	10.0	25.0	24.7
January February	-22.6 -9.0	-23.2 -6.5	-19.1 -11.4	-21.2 -10.4	-20.6 -10.0	-21.0 -9.2	-18.9 -4.0	–25.0 –5.0	-21.7 -9.0
March	-9.0 7.4	-0.5 8.1	-11.4 5.9	9.8	7.1	-9.2 7.2	-4.0 6.8	-5.0 6.8	-9.0 7.4
April	0.9	-2.6	1.2	0.3	1.8	0.6	5.2	-1.3	0.1
May	1.6	-0.4	1.3	-1.2	-0.4	-3.5	5.4	2.4	0.6
June	-1.7	-0.5	2.2	0.0	0.0	1.2	7.4	0.4	-0.2
July	3.1	2.7	2.8	3.0	4.4	2.7	4.9	1.2	3.0
August	-3.2	-2.2	-2.2	-4.7	-3.9	-6.2	-2.5	-3.3	-3.0
• • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •			(0)				• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •
	S	SEASONAL	LY ADJUS	TED (% ch	ange fror	m precedi	ng month)		
2003									
June	1.1	-0.3	0.1	0.6	1.4	0.6	0.6	3.1	0.6
July	0.4	2.2	3.7	-1.1	1.6	3.4	1.8	-3.5	1.5
August	1.4	0.0	0.9	-0.1	0.7	1.7	0.4	2.0	0.8
September	0.4	0.6	1.5	0.5	-0.3	1.3	0.0	0.4	0.6
October	0.9	1.3	1.5	1.9	-0.2	0.3	0.7	-3.1	1.0
November	1.8	1.5	1.1	0.7	1.1	1.0	1.3	1.4	1.4
December	-1.9	-1.5	-0.4	-0.1	0.6	-0.4	-0.3	-0.2	-1.1
2004									
January	0.7	2.6	1.1	1.4	1.1	1.7	0.0	0.4	1.3
February	-0.3	0.9	0.1	-0.6	-0.5	-1.2	0.8	-0.4	0.0
March	0.8	0.5	-0.1	1.1	1.2	0.6	-1.6	-0.6	0.5
April	0.2	-1.2	0.6	-0.2	1.4	0.3	2.8	-0.3	0.0
May June	0.9 2.4	0.1 0.9	1.6 1.6	0.4 1.5	0.4 1.8	0.7 2.2	1.4 4.2	0.1 2.9	0.8 1.8
July	-1.5	-0.7	-0.7	-0.7	0.1	-0.3	-3.4	-2.7	-1.0
August	-1.5 -1.0	-0. <i>1</i>	-0.7 1.1	-0. <i>1</i> -0.1	0.1	-0.3 -1.2	-3.4 0.3	-2.7 0.8	0.2
August	-1.0	1.4	1.1	-0.1	0.2	-1.2	0.5	0.0	0.2
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •
		TREND	ESTIMATES	S (% chan	ge from p	oreceding	month)		
2003									
June	0.6	0.9	1.5	0.2	1.0	1.7	0.5	0.3	0.9
July	0.7	0.9	1.7	0.2	0.9	1.8	0.7	0.0	0.9
August	0.8	0.8	1.7	0.3	0.7	1.6	0.8	-0.2	0.9
September	0.8	0.8	1.5	0.4	0.5	1.4	0.7	-0.3	0.9
October	0.7	0.8	1.2	0.6	0.4	1.0	0.6	-0.3	0.8
November	0.4	0.8	0.9	0.8	0.4	0.6	0.3	-0.2	0.6
December	0.1	0.8	0.5	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.1	-0.2	0.4
2004									
January	0.1	0.7	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.2	0.2	-0.2	0.4
February	0.2	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.7	0.3	0.5	-0.1	0.4
March	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.3	0.9	0.4	0.8	0.0	0.4
April	0.6	0.2	0.7	0.4	0.9	0.5	1.0	0.0	0.5
May	0.6	0.1	0.8	0.4	0.9	0.6	1.1	0.1	0.5
June	0.4	0.1	0.8	0.3	0.8	0.5	1.0	0.1	0.5
July	0.3	0.1	0.7	0.3	0.8	0.4	0.8	0.1	0.4
August	0.2	0.1	0.7	0.3	0.7	0.4	0.6	0.1	0.4

			Clothing and	Household	Recreational		Hospitality	
	Food	Department	soft good	good	good	Other	and	
Month	retailing	stores	retailing	retailing	retailing	retailing	services	Total
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •				• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •
			ORIG	INAL (\$ m	nillion)			
2003								
June	1 857.6	410.0	337.9	686.3	183.1	545.6	936.6	4 957.1
July	1 992.2	387.7	330.3	695.7	216.4	556.8	973.8	5 152.8
August	1 997.9	368.3	315.2	699.2	^ 222.9	566.4	1 036.1	5 206.0
September	1 971.7	412.9	340.6	709.5	^ 222.2	597.3	1 007.4	5 261.5
October	2 123.9	442.1	367.1	763.7	^ 216.0	638.8	1 060.3	5 611.9
November	2 097.1	517.9	387.3	759.0	239.8	669.0	1 059.4	5 729.5
December	2 369.4	829.9	552.6	923.2	317.2	864.1	1 168.8	7 025.1
2004								
January	2 188.7	401.0	374.8	704.4	^ 198.9	533.2	1 035.5	5 436.5
February	2 001.5	331.7	299.6	633.3	195.0	516.3	967.5	4 944.9
March	2 098.6	376.0	332.5	677.5	227.3	554.2	1 043.9	5 310.1
April	2 126.6	424.7	353.9	635.2	194.6	518.6	1 103.9	5 357.6
May	2 106.0	435.5	393.9	679.4	203.7	558.6	1 065.5	5 442.6
June	2 032.4	462.0	380.9	707.1	199.5	533.1	1 035.6	5 350.5
July	r2 148.5	430.7	353.3	744.4	214.2	535.5	1 087.9	r5 514.5
August	2 103.5	392.5	328.8	705.9	205.2	542.8	1 058.4	5 337.1
• • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •
		SE	ASONALLY	' ADJUSTE	ED (\$ millio	on)		
2003								
June	1 997.2	442.8	358.1	703.3	198.1	594.0	984.0	5 277.6
July	2 023.2	430.9	349.9	695.1	216.6	596.5	988.1	5 300.3
August	2 032.6	435.9	352.2	707.5	227.0	591.4	1 027.5	5 374.1
September	2 024.8	443.5	359.3	719.1	223.3	607.0	1 018.6	5 395.5
October	2 047.6	443.4	359.2	730.0	224.3	617.7	1 023.7	5 445.8
November	2 089.5	447.6	372.1	728.3	231.6	621.8	1 051.9	5 542.9
December	2 075.9	435.6	366.3	710.1	226.9	579.7	1 045.7	5 440.3
2004								
January	2 103.9	452.7	377.4	716.6	213.7	590.5	1 024.0	5 478.8
February	2 097.3	456.7	369.7	712.3	215.6	579.5	1 031.9	5 463.1
March	2 115.4	449.6	363.3	711.7	218.8	589.3	1 057.9	5 506.1
April	2 132.6	453.7	367.6	697.1	212.3	557.2	1 094.8	5 515.3
May	2 153.6	453.9	382.1	716.6	218.6	572.9	1 068.6	5 566.2
June	2 178.5	480.2	389.7	724.9	217.3	589.0	1 118.6	5 698.3
July	2 159.3	473.0	376.4	737.2	214.6	571.2	1 079.4	5 611.0
. *	2 166.4	471.0	375.5	718.1	205.5	556.3	1 063.8	5 556.6
August	2 100.4	471.0	375.5	710.1	205.5	550.5	1 003.8	3 330.0
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •
			TREND ES	STIMATES	(\$ million)			
2003								
June	2 001.4	435.0	351.3	699.1	204.6	589.1	995.4	5 279.7
July	2 009.3	435.7	352.1	705.3	212.5	597.3	1 001.7	5 318.5
August	2 022.3	437.2	354.4	711.5	219.9	603.7	1 011.3	5 363.7
September	2 038.4	439.5	358.3	716.9	225.0	607.1	1 021.5	5 408.1
October	2 054.8	442.2	362.9	720.7	227.0	607.3	1 029.1	5 444.1
November	2 069.4	444.6	366.5	721.7	226.3	604.6	1 034.1	5 466.6
December	2 082.2	446.2	368.5	719.4	223.5	598.3	1 036.9	5 474.6
2004		110.2	500.0	1 10.4		230.0	2 300.0	5 11 1.0
January								
February	2 094 6	447 9	369.6	714 Q	220 4	590.2	1 041 0	5 478 6
•	2 094.6	447.9 450.0	369.6 370.5	714.9 711.0	220.4 218.1	590.2 582.7	1 041.0 1 049.3	5 478.6 5 489.6
	2 108.0	450.0	370.5	711.0	218.1	582.7	1 049.3	5 489.6
March April	2 108.0 2 121.5	450.0 453.4	370.5 371.9	711.0 709.9	218.1 216.7	582.7 577.9	1 049.3 1 060.8	5 489.6 5 511.9
April	2 108.0 2 121.5 2 135.0	450.0 453.4 457.7	370.5 371.9 373.9	711.0 709.9 712.1	218.1 216.7 215.9	582.7 577.9 575.7	1 049.3 1 060.8 1 072.4	5 489.6 5 511.9 5 542.4
April May	2 108.0 2 121.5 2 135.0 2 148.2	450.0 453.4 457.7 462.4	370.5 371.9 373.9 376.4	711.0 709.9 712.1 716.0	218.1 216.7 215.9 215.4	582.7 577.9 575.7 574.3	1 049.3 1 060.8 1 072.4 1 081.7	5 489.6 5 511.9 5 542.4 5 574.1
April May June	2 108.0 2 121.5 2 135.0 2 148.2 2 159.4	450.0 453.4 457.7 462.4 466.9	370.5 371.9 373.9 376.4 378.6	711.0 709.9 712.1 716.0 720.1	218.1 216.7 215.9 215.4 214.5	582.7 577.9 575.7 574.3 572.2	1 049.3 1 060.8 1 072.4 1 081.7 1 086.9	5 489.6 5 511.9 5 542.4 5 574.1 5 598.5
April May	2 108.0 2 121.5 2 135.0 2 148.2	450.0 453.4 457.7 462.4	370.5 371.9 373.9 376.4	711.0 709.9 712.1 716.0	218.1 216.7 215.9 215.4	582.7 577.9 575.7 574.3	1 049.3 1 060.8 1 072.4 1 081.7	5 489.6 5 511.9 5 542.4 5 574.1

 $[\]hat{\ }$ estimate has a relative standard error of 10% to less than 25% \qquad r \qquad revised and should be used with caution

⁽a) See paragraph 5 of the Explanatory Notes.

			Clothing and	Household	Recreational		Hospitality	
	Food	Department	soft good	good	good	Other	and	Total
Month	retailing	stores	retailing	retailing	retailing	retailing	services	Total
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •				• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •
			ORIGI	NAL (\$ m	illion)			
2003								
June	1 410.5	313.5	249.5	584.2	126.6	^ 350.5	415.8	3 450.6
July	1 517.5	282.1	234.0	588.6	128.1	423.6	477.9	3 651.7
August	1 508.4	264.1	226.8	560.2	131.5	427.9	477.1	3 595.9
September	1 482.6	278.0	232.7	575.4	129.3	432.4	456.9	3 587.3
October	1 568.5	317.4	263.1	601.4	142.4	509.0	520.2	3 921.9
November	1 554.5	370.5	272.9	604.0	154.3	515.5	521.2	3 992.9
December	1 761.6	600.2	370.9	756.0	240.6	707.2	585.3	5 021.7
2004								
January	1 643.9	276.0	243.1	610.1	149.5	411.4	524.9	3 858.8
February	1 534.2	239.9	220.7	565.8	132.4	425.7	487.7	3 606.3
March	1 610.2	277.7	247.3	596.9	147.5	468.0	552.7	3 900.2
April	1 598.5	317.3	278.0	546.3	136.2	416.1	505.6	3 798.0
May	1 574.4	306.7	287.4	552.3	127.9	429.6	504.5	3 782.7
June	1 528.7	338.0	^ 273.8	576.7	^ 131.6	429.6	485.7	3 764.1
July	r1 593.8	310.8	275.1	571.8	140.2	446.2	527.1	r3 865.0
August	1 553.7	273.6	266.3	593.4	137.7	449.5	505.2	3 779.4
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •		• • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •
		SEA	ASONALLY	ADJUSTE	D (\$ millio	on)		
2003								
June	1 514.7	315.6	255.4	593.8	143.4	394.8	447.2	3 664.9
July	1 539.1	315.0	248.3	600.9	134.8	437.2	470.7	3 746.0
August	1 534.0	321.6	250.8	581.0	138.5	449.2	471.4	3 746.6
September	1 538.6	316.1	250.3	590.9	138.0	451.9	481.5	3 767.3
October	1 522.0	323.6	255.6	588.1	144.9	478.4	504.1	3 816.8
November	1 551.4	324.7	260.9	578.4	149.7	481.7	525.9	3 872.7
December	1 531.2	312.2	257.0	584.9	148.0	470.4	510.0	3 813.8
2004								
January	1 586.6	317.8	264.6	609.3	145.7	464.1	524.3	3 912.4
February	1 604.2	326.1	275.0	609.2	150.7	467.8	515.7	3 948.7
March	1 596.4	321.8	256.3	622.3	154.4	488.3	527.2	3 966.7
April	1 612.6	328.3	269.1	591.6	149.7	456.0	513.4	3 920.7
May	1 616.3	323.7	274.7	583.4	142.4	461.9	523.0	3 925.2
June	1 625.3	333.3	280.3	581.3	144.2	477.3	520.1	3 961.8
July	1 593.5	340.4	289.8	587.3	145.9	469.9	508.7	3 935.6
August	1 612.6	337.8	297.1	614.5	147.7	466.9	513.0	3 989.6
			TREND ES	TIMATES	(\$ million)			
0000					,			
2003	4 504 6	245.2	052.0	E00.0	444 7	440.4	452.0	2 000 7
June	1 524.6	315.3	253.2	589.2	141.7	412.1	453.2	3 689.7
July	1 528.5	317.0	252.4	591.5	140.5	427.3	463.5	3 721.3
August	1 530.9	318.6	251.6	590.2	140.0	444.2	476.1	3 751.7
September	1 534.0	319.5	252.6	587.5	140.8	458.6	489.0	3 780.6
October	1 539.8	319.9	255.0	586.7	142.8	468.5	501.2	3 810.6
November	1 549.6	319.8	258.0	589.4	145.7	473.6	510.9	3 842.4
December 2004	1 562.6	319.8	260.8	595.1	148.3	474.7	517.5	3 873.6
2004	1 570 0	220.4	262.0	601.0	140.0	172.2	E21 0	3 901.5
January February	1 578.0	320.1	262.9		149.8	473.2	521.0	
,	1 593.1	321.2	264.6	603.7	150.0	471.3 460.6	522.0 521.2	3 922.8
March	1 604.1	323.2	266.9	602.3	149.3	469.6	521.2	3 935.2
April	1 609.9	326.2	270.5	598.4	148.2	468.9	519.8	3 941.8
May	1 612.2	329.5	275.4	594.0 501.6	147.1	468.9	518.5	3 946.0
June July	1 612.8	332.6 335.5	281.1 286.7	591.6	146.1 145.5	468.8 468.8	516.8 514.8	3 950.1
•	1 612.3 1 611.1	335.5 337.8	286.7 291.8	591.3 592.8	145.5 145.0	468.8 468.4	514.8 513.3	3 954.9 3 960.3
August	T 011.1	331.0	∠31.0	032.6	140.0	400.4	013.3	3 900.3

 $[\]hat{\ }$ estimate has a relative standard error of 10% to less than 25% $\,$ r $\,$ revised and should be used with caution

⁽a) See paragraph 5 of the Explanatory Notes.

	Food	Department	Clothing and soft good	Household good	Recreational good	Other	Hospitality and	
Month	retailing	stores	retailing	retailing	retailing	retailing	services	Total
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •
			ORIGI	NAL (\$ m	illion)			
2003								
June	1 105.7	201.8	202.3	406.4	^ 106.0	294.8	443.7	2 760.8
July	1 216.0	204.8	213.6	430.1	123.1	309.9	496.9	2 994.4
August	1 211.1	192.6	198.4	434.2	^ 123.1	317.9	516.1	2 993.4
September	1 198.9	216.8	230.1	450.8	^ 126.6	312.7	499.7	3 035.7
October	1 297.7	229.6	237.8	455.1	^ 137.7	331.1	577.3	3 266.3
November	1 247.9	261.2	226.8	471.2	^ 140.1	351.9	567.8	3 266.9
December	1 417.5	415.9	316.0	553.7	^ 198.3	481.2	641.1	4 023.6
2004								
January	1 349.1	212.5	233.8	449.4	^ 137.5	302.1	569.9	3 254.3
February	1 217.9	170.4	172.6	413.5	^ 119.8	279.9	507.6	2 881.7
March	1 280.2	190.4	188.5	443.2	^ 125.1	303.2	522.2	3 052.7
April	1 303.6	213.1	202.6	414.7	^ 130.2	313.5	510.4	3 088.2
May	1 273.1	213.9	217.6	437.5	^ 134.7	331.3	520.9	3 129.0
June	1 266.5	241.8	238.9	461.2	^ 139.1 ^ 147.4	341.6	508.7	3 197.9
July August	r1 341.4	233.2	233.8 216.4	461.7		348.2	520.3	r3 286.0
August	1 302.3	212.0	210.4	456.9	^ 136.7	368.3	522.0	3 214.6
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •
		SE.	ASONALLY	ADJUSTE	D (\$ milli	on)		
2003								
June	1 170.0	214.0	214.5	415.4	116.1	315.5	472.7	2 918.2
July	1 211.3	220.7	221.7	431.2	124.8	317.2	500.6	3 027.5
August	1 211.5	221.6	216.4	437.8	127.3	324.4	507.1	3 054.1
September	1 232.8	224.8	221.3	453.9	129.0	330.4	508.9	3 101.1
October	1 251.2	228.4	220.4	443.2	133.1	323.0	547.3	3 146.7
November	1 268.2	228.7	220.0	449.5	138.0	330.9	546.8	3 182.1
December	1 272.1	222.4	214.8	437.3	141.6	329.4	550.3	3 167.9
2004								
January	1 291.9	230.6	218.2	449.3	131.6	323.1	558.1	3 202.8
February	1 300.6	235.6	219.0	450.5	131.5	321.0	548.7	3 206.9
March	1 282.6	231.7	219.6	459.9	135.0	327.1	546.9	3 202.7
April	1 299.4	232.9	219.7	460.7	140.8	339.2	527.8	3 220.4
May	1 301.5	238.1	229.6	464.8	149.8	343.3	544.8	3 272.0
June	1 322.7	244.6	250.1	467.0	151.5	351.4	535.6	3 322.9
July	1 323.4	248.6	238.8	461.8	149.1	362.6	515.4	3 299.6
August	1 339.4	249.3	241.7	459.3	138.8	379.2	528.6	3 336.4
			TREND ES	TIMATES	(\$ million)		
0000				. = 3		•		
2003	4 400 1	047.0	0400	445.0	4477	045.0	400 =	0.050.1
June	1 189.4	217.6	216.9	415.0	117.7	315.8	483.7	2 956.1
July	1 203.6	219.6	218.2	427.0	122.1	319.6	495.1	3 005.2
August	1 219.2	221.8	219.0	437.0	126.7	323.3	508.1	3 054.8
September October	1 235.5	223.9	219.4	443.4	130.9	325.9	521.9	3 100.4
November	1 250.9 1 264.2	225.9 227.4	219.4 218.7	446.3 446.8	133.8 135.1	327.1 327.0	535.0 545.2	3 138.4 3 165.6
December	1 274.2	227.4	218.7	446.8	135.1	327.0	550.9	3 181.8
2004	1214.0	220.4	211.0		130.2	525.9	550.9	3 101.0
January	1 280.8	229.5	217.1	448.9	135.2	325.3	552.4	3 192.9
February	1 286.2	231.0	218.2	452.4	136.3	326.2	550.3	3 204.8
March	1 291.5	233.2	221.4	456.7	138.5	329.8	545.5	3 220.3
April	1 298.2	236.2	226.2	460.4	141.5	336.3	540.2	3 241.3
May	1 306.7	239.5	231.6	462.7	144.5	344.7	535.3	3 265.8
June	1 316.0	242.8	236.7	463.7	146.6	353.7	531.0	3 290.5
July	1 324.8	246.0	241.0	463.9	147.7	362.4	527.3	3 313.8
August	1 333.2	248.7	244.4	463.5	147.8	370.1	524.7	3 336.7
<u> </u>								

^{**} estimate has a relative standard error of 10% to less than revised

OFO and should be used with caution

The revised (a) See paragraph 5 of the Explanatory Notes.



RETAIL TURNOVER, By Industry Group(a)—South Australia

	5		Clothing and	Household	Recreational	Other	Hospitality	
Month	Food retailing	Department stores	soft good retailing	good retailing	good retailing	Other retailing	and services	Total
		• • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • •				
			ORIG	GINAL (\$ n	nillion)			
2003								
June	428.9	103.5	56.2	166.4	^ 28.4	122.7	177.2	1 083.3
July	456.0	102.2	52.6	166.9	31.9	119.3	192.9	1 121.9
August	452.7	90.5	49.0	170.7	28.9	117.2	195.0	1 104.0
September	438.0	94.0	49.9	168.8	^ 29.2	121.7	197.3	1 098.9
October	483.8	108.1	62.4	180.6	^ 33.2	131.2	212.5	1 211.9
November	472.6	128.3	64.6	183.3	35.5	139.3	205.8	1 229.4
December	533.8	192.8	81.0	226.2	58.2	184.1	238.3	1 514.6
2004	101.0	00.4	F0.2	405.0	25.2	442.0	000.0	4 404 0
January	491.0 447.9	99.1 81.9	59.3 45.8	185.8 163.0	35.3 32.3	113.6 106.2	209.9 192.2	1 194.0 1 069.3
February March	480.4	95.1	45.8 56.8	178.2	32.3 37.7	106.2	209.1	1 174.6
April	480.4 487.8	106.6	62.3	166.5	^ 38.2	117.1	203.2	1 174.0
May	476.2	105.5	62.3	166.5	35.5	116.4	201.3	1 163.6
June	463.0	112.6	^ 63.5	180.6	^ 36.2	116.4	190.8	1 163.3
July	r501.0	108.9	^ 60.8	178.1	^ 39.2	114.4	196.1	r1 198.4
August	476.7	96.4	^ 57.4	171.2	^ 35.7	115.7	189.2	1 142.2
		SI	EASONALL	Y ADJUST	ED (\$ mill	ion)		
2003								
June	466.2	107.8	57.3	170.2	32.7	130.8	194.5	1 159.5
July	456.9	109.0	54.6	170.4	33.6	124.3	197.6	1 146.6
August	458.9	105.8	54.5	172.6	32.5	121.9	199.3	1 145.6
September	455.4	108.5	56.0	175.1	31.7	123.7	200.7	1 151.0
October	465.5	111.2	58.9	172.8	33.1	128.3	203.4	1 173.2
November	469.2	108.3	60.4	176.3	34.3	131.2	201.6	1 181.3
December	467.6	105.8	58.7	176.2	36.1	134.3	201.9	1 180.5
2004								
January	477.5	110.7	60.4	184.8	36.3	123.8	203.2	1 196.6
February	479.2	112.3	58.1	181.9	35.6	119.9	202.0	1 189.0
March	481.2	109.0	59.4	186.3	37.3	122.2	206.3	1 201.8
April	482.7	111.8	60.6	179.5	40.4	117.2	206.6	1 199.0
May	485.1	111.3	61.1	175.4	39.9	118.5	212.8	1 204.1
June	493.0	114.2	63.6	180.0	40.9	122.3	208.3	1 222.4
July	497.3	113.8	62.8	179.1	41.1	119.8	199.9	1 213.7
August	494.1	116.9	66.9	174.3	40.4	121.7	198.1	1 212.4
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	TDEND E		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	` • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •
			IREND E	SIIMAIES	(\$ million)		
2003								
June	461.0	107.3	56.0	169.0	32.9	127.5	196.0	1 149.6
July	460.2	107.8	55.9	170.6	32.7	126.7	197.5	1 151.4
August	459.8	108.1	56.2	171.9	32.7	126.4	199.1	1 154.3
September	460.7	108.3	56.9	173.3	32.9	126.8	200.5	1 159.3
October	463.0	108.5	57.8	174.9	33.4 34.1	127.6 128.3	201.5	1 166.8
November December	466.7	108.8 109.1	58.6	177.0			202.0	1 175.6 1 183.7
2004	470.9	109.1	59.2	179.2	35.0	127.9	202.4	1 103.7
January	474.7	109.5	59.4	181.0	36.0	126.1	203.3	1 190.0
February	478.1	110.0	59.5	182.1	37.0	123.4	204.7	1 194.8
March	481.2	110.6	59.8	182.1	38.0	121.0	206.2	1 199.0
April	484.4	111.5	60.5	181.1	39.0	119.7	207.1	1 203.2
May	487.7	112.4	61.6	179.6	39.8	119.5	206.9	1 207.5
June	490.8	113.4	62.8	178.3	40.5	119.8	205.8	1 211.4
July	493.5	114.4	64.0	177.0	41.0	120.4	204.1	1 214.6
August	495.9	115.3	65.1	176.2	41.3	120.9	202.3	1 218.0
G								

estimate has a relative standard error of 10% to less than 25% r revised and should be used with caution

⁽a) See paragraph 5 of the Explanatory Notes.

			Clothing and	Household	Recreational		Hospitality	
	Food	Department	soft good	good	good	Other	and	
Month	retailing	stores	retailing	retailing	retailing	retailing	services	Total
• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	OPIG	GINAL (\$ r	million)	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •
2003			ORIC	IINAL (ΦΙ	111111011)			
June	6140	122.6	79.6	211.3	^ 62.9	^1217	166.6	1 201 7
July	614.0 665.2	119.2	79.6 83.6	234.6	^ 72.2	^ 134.7 129.9	166.6 190.1	1 391.7 1 494.9
August	663.2	108.6	77.2	234.0	^ 78.0	130.7	193.5	1 494.9
September	644.8	114.8	77.4	230.2	^ 69.0	136.7	193.5	1 466.7
October	675.6	130.7	84.1	266.9	^ 73.9	^ 148.2	209.0	1 588.5
November	670.2	150.1	87.2	270.5	^ 78.9	^ 152.5	207.3	1 616.7
December	792.9	229.8	118.2	313.8	^ 115.5	^ 217.2	225.4	2 012.7
2004	132.3	223.0	110.2	313.0	113.5	211.2	225.4	2 012.1
January	698.0	115.0	87.8	265.1	^ 84.7	142.4	205.2	1 598.3
February	643.4	96.2	69.2	222.0	^ 76.4	139.9	190.5	1 437.7
March	681.3	109.3	78.2	242.0	^ 79.6	145.8	203.3	1 539.5
	707.9	124.5	83.1	233.6	^ 73.8	144.5	200.0	1 567.5
April May	683.2	124.3	84.7	253.6	73.6 ^ 74.5	144.5	192.9	1 560.8
•	667.9		85.6	268.9	^ 75.3			1 560.0
June		131.3 128.4	84.3		75.3 ^ 76.0	145.5	185.5 202.7	
July	r705.4			276.5		154.8		r1 628.1
August	688.0	111.8	79.1	263.7	^ 76.0	149.3	196.5	1 564.5
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	۰۰۰۰۰۰۰	EACONALL	V ADILICT	ED (\$ mill	ion)	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •
		3	EASUNALL	I ADJUST	בט (ס וווווו	1011)		
2003	070 4	404.0	24.2			440 =	407.4	4 = 4 0 0
June	670.4	131.0	81.6	222.3	68.9	148.7	187.4	1 510.3
July	674.5	130.4	88.1	235.0	74.7	136.6	194.9	1 534.2
August	674.5	128.9	83.3	243.6	77.8	138.5	197.8	1 544.4
September	677.6	129.1	82.6	244.8	73.1	137.9	195.1	1 540.1
October	661.0	131.2	83.2	248.8	76.7	141.3	195.5	1 537.7
November	667.1	129.9	83.7	249.6	79.2	143.5	201.0	1 553.9
December	682.6	123.2	81.7	249.7	81.5	149.2	194.7	1 562.7
2004	674.0	400.0	07.0	050.0	00.5	450.0	407.0	4 570 4
January	674.0	128.8	87.9	258.2	82.5	150.2	197.9	1 579.4
February	674.4	129.8	86.5	242.9	80.8	155.6	202.2	1 572.1
March	678.3	130.5	87.9	256.9	82.2	153.3	201.3	1 590.5
April	699.9	131.1	83.6	261.5	78.7	156.4	202.0	1 613.2
May	700.2	130.6	82.1	264.4	79.7	157.0	205.8	1 619.9
June	712.5	134.2	86.4	271.6	80.0	158.8	205.8	1 649.4
July	707.0	136.0	85.7	279.9	76.7	162.7	202.9	1 651.0
August	714.7	136.9	85.6	276.0	78.0	159.5	203.0	1 653.8
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	TDENID E	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	(\$ million	` • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •
2222			INLIND L	SIIWAILS	(\$ 1111111011)		
2003	000.0	400.0	04.7	000.0	70.0	1110	400 F	4 540 7
June	669.0	128.3	81.7	226.3	70.8	144.2	190.5	1 510.7
July	671.0	129.2	82.9	233.1	72.5	142.8	192.7	1 524.1
August	672.0	129.7	83.5	239.6	74.4	140.8	194.5	1 534.5
September	672.1	129.6	83.7	244.9	76.1	139.9	196.0	1 542.3
October	671.6	129.1	83.7	248.3	77.8	141.0	197.0	1 548.4
November	671.0	128.5	84.0	249.9	79.2	143.9	197.6	1 554.2
December	671.8	128.1	84.6	250.6	80.4	147.5	198.0	1 561.0
2004								
January	674.6	128.2	85.3	251.3	81.2	150.5	199.0	1 570.1
February	679.5	128.7	85.7	253.0	81.5	153.0	200.4	1 581.9
March	686.0	129.7	85.6	256.2	81.1	154.9	201.8	1 595.3
April	692.9	131.1	85.3	260.6	80.3	156.4	203.0	1 609.5
May	699.8	132.5	85.0	265.7	79.5	157.7	203.9	1 623.8
June	706.1	133.8	84.9	270.6	78.8	159.0	204.3	1 637.5
July	711.4	135.0	84.9	274.9	78.2	160.1	204.4	1 649.9
August	715.4	136.1	85.2	278.9	77.8	160.8	204.2	1 661.9
-								

 $[\]hat{\ }$ estimate has a relative standard error of 10% to less than 25% \qquad r \qquad revised and should be used with caution

⁽a) See paragraph 5 of the Explanatory Notes.



RETAIL TURNOVER, By Industry Group(a)—Tasmania

			Clothing and	Household	Recreational		Hospitality	
	Food	Department	soft good	good	good	Other	and	
Month	retailing	stores	retailing	retailing	retailing	retailing	services	Total
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •
			ORIG	INAL (\$ m	illion)			
2003								
June	115.6	np	16.0	53.7	^ 13.8	np	33.9	290.4
July	129.2	np	14.7	55.7	18.0	np	36.2	314.2
August	128.4	np	14.1	55.1	^ 18.5	np	36.4	312.2
September	126.2	np	14.4 15.1	55.6 59.5	^ 18.9 18.5	np	39.2 39.8	315.9 343.9
October November	141.8 137.3	np	16.7	59.5 61.9	18.7	np	^ 40.6	343.9 352.2
December	154.3	np np	24.5	74.9	27.3	np np	48.9	442.4
2004	154.5	пр	24.5	74.5	21.5	пр	40.5	442.4
January	147.8	np	16.9	55.4	19.1	np	41.4	349.7
February	132.1	np	14.8	50.4	20.4	np	39.8	317.6
March	139.5	np	16.2	57.0	18.8	np	42.1	340.4
April	140.7	np	17.8	51.9	18.4	np	43.0	342.4
May	134.7	np	16.4	53.7	^ 18.4	np	39.9	330.4
June	134.3	np	^ 17.2	57.8	^ 18.0	np	39.2	334.5
July	r140.7	np	^ 16.0	58.1	^ 19.1	np	40.1	r343.5
August	133.6	np	^ 15.5	57.5	^ 18.3	np	35.0	322.2
			• • • • • • • •					
		5	SEASONALL	Y ADJUSTE	D (\$ million	۱)		
2003								
June	126.0	np	16.4	55.6	15.4	np	37.9	315.5
July	131.0	np	16.2	56.5	19.2	np	38.4	326.2
August	131.6	np	16.4	56.2	20.3	np	40.6	331.9
September	133.9	np	16.5	57.7	20.6	np	40.8	336.4
October	135.9	np	16.2	57.3	19.7	np	39.9	337.5
November	137.9	np	16.0	57.7	19.2	np	40.2	341.0
December	135.8	np	16.5	57.1	19.4	np	40.8	339.5
2004								
January	139.6	np	17.4	58.4	18.4	np	38.3	345.4
February	136.8	np	16.7	57.0	19.3	np	40.9	341.2
March	139.0	np	16.5	58.6	18.6	np	40.5	343.3
April	138.8	np	16.3	55.8	19.2	np	41.8	344.3
May	140.2	np	16.3	56.8	19.6	np	41.5	346.6
June	142.1	np	17.5	58.5	19.9	np	41.8	354.2
July	140.9	np	17.5	59.2	20.1	np	41.6	353.3
August	141.4	np	18.0	58.6	19.7	np	39.1	349.0
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	TREND F	STIMATES	(\$ million)	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •
2002			11(21(0) 2)	51111171120	(Ψ)			
2003	1000	100, 100	16.4	E 4 7	4 = 4	p. vs.	20 0	240.0
June July	128.2	np	16.4 16.4	54.7	15.4	np	38.0	319.2
•	130.0	np		55.8 56.7	(b)20.2	np	39.1	324.8
August September	132.0 133.9	np	16.3 16.3	56.7 57.3	20.0 19.9	np	39.8 40.2	330.2 334.7
October	135.5	np	16.3	57.5	19.7	np	40.2	338.2
November	136.7	np	16.4		19.7	np	40.2	340.4
December	137.4	np	16.5	57.7 57.7	19.5	np	40.2	340.4
2004	137.4	np	10.0	31.1	19.2	np	40.1	341.4
January	137.9	np	16.6	57.6	19.0	np	40.1	342.0
February	138.3	np	16.6	57.4	18.9	np	40.4	342.9
March	138.8	np	16.6	57.3	19.0	np	40.8	344.3
April	139.5	np	16.7	57.4	19.2	np	41.2	346.0
May	140.2	np	16.8	57.6	19.5	np	41.4	348.0
June	140.8	np	17.1	57.9	19.7	np	41.3	349.8
					19.9		41.1	351.2
July	141.3	np	17.4	58.3	19.9	np	41.1	331.2
July August	141.3 141.8	np np	17.4 17.7	58.3 58.7	20.0	np	40.7	352.5

cestimate has a relative standard error of 10% to less than 25% revised and should be used with caution (a) See paragraph 5 of the Explanatory Notes.

np not available for publication but included in totals where (b) Break in series. See the 'Trend Estimates' section of the

applicable, unless otherwise indicated

Explanatory Notes.



RETAIL TURNOVER, By Industry Group(a)—Northern Territory

	Food	Department	Clothing and soft good	Household good	Recreational good	Other	Hospitality and	
Month	retailing	stores	retailing	retailing	retailing	retailing	services	Total
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	ODIC	GINAL (\$ n	oillion)	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •
2003			URIC	IINAL (Þ 11	11111011)			
June	70.4	nn	7.5	17.8	5.8	nn	26.5	149.8
	70.4 78.4	np	7.5 8.7	18.7	^ 6.1	np	29.1	166.7
July		np				np		
August	77.7	np	8.4	19.8	5.8	np	28.7	167.4
September	72.7	np	7.5	19.9	^ 5.7	np	24.9	157.2
October	75.6	np	8.4	21.9	5.2	np	24.7	162.8
November	70.8	np	7.6	21.2	4.8	np	23.7	156.6
December	74.5	np	9.5	23.7	6.7	np	23.1	172.3
2004								
January	69.0	np	6.8	18.6	^ 4.2	np	20.5	139.8
February	66.6	np	6.2	17.4	^ 4.3	np	19.4	134.1
March	71.3	np	6.5	19.6	^ 4.7	np	20.6	143.3
April	75.2	np	6.9	19.4	5.5	np	21.7	150.7
May	76.9	np	8.2	21.0	^ 5.4	np	23.5	158.9
June	80.7	•	9.6	23.5	^ 6.1	np	^ 25.5	170.7
		np						
July	r85.8	np	9.7	20.2	^ 6.1	np	^ 30.1	r179.1
August	83.0	np	9.6	21.0	^ 5.9	np	^ 28.2	174.5
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •
		S	SEASONALL	Y ADJUSTI	ED (\$ milli	on)		
2003								
June	70.1	np	7.5	17.7	5.8	np	25.5	149.7
July	71.7	np	7.7	18.8	5.5	np	24.6	152.3
August	71.5	np	7.5	19.4	5.3	np	24.6	153.0
September	71.6	np	7.3	19.5	5.3	np	24.0	152.9
October	72.4	•	7.8	20.1	5.2	•	23.0	154.0
		np				np		
November	72.9	np	7.2	20.5	5.0	np	23.2	155.9
December 2004	73.6	np	7.4	19.7	5.5	np	23.3	155.5
January	75.0	np	7.8	20.0	4.9	np	23.9	155.4
February	75.0	np	7.9	19.7	5.0	np	23.7	156.7
March	73.8	np	7.9	20.7	4.8	np	23.2	154.1
		•		21.0	6.0		22.9	158.5
April	75.8	np	8.0			np		
May	76.2	np	8.4	21.4	5.8	np	24.1	160.8
June	78.7	np	9.4	22.9	5.8	np	24.1	167.5
July	77.5	np	8.5	20.3	5.6	np	25.1	161.9
August	78.2	np	8.7	20.9	5.5	np	24.4	162.3
				• • • • • • • • •				
			TREND E	STIMATES	(\$ million)		
2003								
June	70.6	np	7.6	18.0	5.3	np	25.0	150.2
July	71.0	np	7.5	18.5	5.4	np	24.7	151.3
August	71.4	np	7.5	19.2	5.5	np	24.3	152.5
O	71.4		7.5 7.5	19.7	5.4		23.9	152.5
September		np				np		
October	72.5	np	7.5	19.9	5.3	np	23.6	154.4
November	73.1	np	7.5	20.0	5.2	np	23.4	154.9
December	73.6	np	7.6	20.0	5.1	np	23.3	155.1
2004	711		7 7	00.4	F 4		00.0	455.4
January	74.1	np	7.7	20.1	5.1	np	23.3	155.4
February	74.6	np	7.8	20.3	5.0	np	23.3	156.1
March	75.2	np	8.0	20.6	4.9	np	23.5	157.3
April	75.8	np	8.2	21.0	(b)6.0	np	23.6	159.0
May	76.5	np	8.3	21.3	5.8	np	23.8	160.7
June	77.2	np	8.5	21.4	5.7	np	24.1	162.3
July	77.8	np	8.6	21.4	5.6	np	24.4	163.5
July								
August	78.4	np	8.7	21.4	5.5	np	24.7	164.5

estimate has a relative standard error of 10% to less than 25% $\,$ $\,$ r $\,$ revised

and should be used with caution

(a) See paragraph 5 of the Explanatory Notes.

not available for publication but included in totals where applicable, unless otherwise indicated

(b) Break in series. See the Trend Estimates' section of the applicable, unless otherwise indicated

Explanatory Notes.



			Clothing and	Household	Recreational		Hospitality	
	Food	Department	soft good	good	good	Other	and	
Month	retailing	stores	retailing	retailing	retailing	retailing	services	Total
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	ODICI	NAL (\$ m	.:	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •
2002			URIGI	NAL (\$ II	11111011)			
2003 June	108.2	30.4	18.5	56.0	14.7	22.4	50.4	300.6
July	114.3	24.9	18.5 17.1	54.4	16.5	23.5	50.4 52.4	300.6
August	115.7	24.3	16.4	54.4	16.1	25.4	51.1	303.5
September	112.3	25.5	16.4	55.2	14.8	26.8	49.3	300.3
October	118.9	28.1	17.4	56.3	14.5	24.8	45.5	305.6
November	119.8	32.8	18.1	60.2	15.2	27.5	45.1	318.7
December	132.5	53.4	24.6	73.9	22.4	39.3	44.8	390.9
2004	102.0	00	20	. 0.0		33.3		000.0
January	120.2	25.8	16.2	57.7	13.0	25.1	35.2	293.3
February	114.3	21.5	15.1	50.0	14.2	24.2	39.4	278.6
March	119.2	26.0	16.6	55.0	14.1	26.2	40.4	297.5
April	117.7	28.7	17.3	51.3	13.3	25.4	40.1	293.6
May	120.0	29.4	18.7	53.2	13.3	24.4	41.7	300.6
June	115.1	30.4	18.5	56.6	^ 13.6	^ 24.6	^ 42.9	301.8
July	r123.8	25.8	16.6	55.9	^ 16.3	^ 23.4	^ 43.5	r305.3
August	119.3	24.1	16.0	56.6	^ 14.7	^ 23.9	^ 40.7	295.2
• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •
		SE	ASONALLY	ADJUSTE	D (\$ milli	on)		
2003								
June	116.5	31.7	18.5	58.7	15.6	24.5	50.4	315.8
July	114.0	28.5	17.6	55.1	15.6	24.4	49.6	304.8
August	115.7	28.8	17.7	56.1	16.2	25.6	50.8	310.9
September	115.8	29.4	18.3	57.7	15.9	26.3	48.8	312.2
October	114.7	29.1	17.8	55.2	15.3	25.7	44.7	302.4
November	116.5	28.9	17.9	57.4	15.3	26.6	43.9	306.6
December	118.3	28.5	17.4	56.9	15.9	26.0	43.0	306.1
2004	100.0	20 F	17.0	E7.6	117	20.2	20 E	207.2
January February	120.9	29.5	17.8	57.6	14.7 14.6	28.3	38.5	307.3
March	119.4 120.0	29.0 29.5	17.8 17.4	54.9 55.6	14.6	27.2 27.2	43.2 40.2	306.1 304.1
April	119.8	29.3	17.4	55.4	14.1	26.8	40.2	303.4
May	120.6	29.3	17.5	55.4	14.4	25.8	40.6	303.4
June	120.0	30.4	17.7	58.0	14.1	26.9	42.1	312.5
July	121.5	28.8	17.1	56.9	14.8	24.5	40.4	304.0
August	121.5	29.4	17.6	58.5	14.9	23.9	40.4	306.4
			TREND ES	TIMATES	(\$ million)		
2003								
June	115.4	29.3	17.9	57.4	15.6	24.6	49.5	309.8
July	115.0	29.3	17.9	57.0	15.6	25.0	49.8	309.9
August	114.9	29.2	17.8	56.7	15.7	25.4	49.2	309.3
September	115.1	29.1	17.9	56.6	15.8	25.7	47.9	308.3
October	115.9	29.0	17.9	56.6	15.7	26.1	46.0	307.4
November	117.0	29.0	17.8	56.7	15.5	26.5	44.1	306.6
December	118.1	29.0	17.7	56.6	15.2	26.9	42.5	305.9
2004								
January	119.0	29.1	17.6	56.3	14.9	27.1	41.4	305.5
February	119.7	29.2	17.6	56.0	14.6	27.2	40.9	305.2
March	120.3	29.3	17.5	55.8	14.4	27.1	40.8	305.2
April	120.6	29.4	17.5	55.9	14.3	26.8	40.9	305.4
May	121.0	29.4	17.4	56.3	14.4	26.3	40.9	305.7
June	121.3	29.5	17.4	56.8	14.5	25.7	40.9	306.1
July	121.7	29.4	17.4	57.3	14.6	25.1	40.9	306.5
August	122.0	29.4	17.4	57.9	14.8	24.6	40.6	306.9

estimate has a relative standard error of 10% to less than
 r revised
 25% and should be used with caution
 gee paragraph 5 of the Explanatory Notes.



Quarter	Food retailing	Department stores	Clothing and soft good retailing	Household good retailing	Recreational good retailing	Other retailing	Hospitality and services	Total
• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	ODICI	NAL (ft mai		• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •
			ORIGII	NAL (\$ mi	111011)			
2002								
June	17 267.2	3 327.3	2 801.8	5 951.8	1 685.2	4 284.2	6 660.0	41 974.5
September	17 695.6	3 138.0	2 723.9	6 109.6	1 813.6	4 393.8	7 030.9	42 890.9
December	19 098.9	4 955.4	3 446.9	7 146.3	2 079.0	5 518.8	7 366.2	49 648.2
2003			0.040 =	0.050.0	4 050 0	4 000 0	0.070.0	10.011.0
March	17 700.4	3 039.3	2 642.7	6 053.2	1 659.9	4 290.8	6 879.0	42 241.8
June	17 659.5	3 617.5	2 955.9	6 354.0	1 626.0	4 610.2	6 895.7	43 720.3
September	18 171.9	3 420.3	2 831.0	6 970.3	1 842.7	4 896.5	7 290.9	45 423.6
December	19 620.3	5 220.4	3 647.6	8 211.0	2 327.3	6 277.9	8 079.2	53 383.8
2004 March	18 632.3	3 270.1	2 851.0	7 215.7	1 884.1	4 748.2	7 405.5	46 006.9
June			3 224.9	7 274.7				
June	18 679.6	3 904.1	3 224.9	1 214.1	1 838.0	4 836.3	7 359.5	47 117.2
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •
		SEA	ASONALLY	ADJUSTE	O (\$ million	n)		
2002								
June	17 801.4	3 542.9	2 810.1	6 234.2	1 822.4	4 552.8	6 894.0	43 639.8
September	18 015.1	3 569.3	2 896.1	6 191.6	1 869.1	4 558.7	7 043.2	44 131.4
December	18 054.9	3 660.8	2 937.2	6 341.9	1 774.0	4 621.1	6 944.6	44 312.8
2003	10 00	0 000.0	2 002	0 0 12.0	2	. 021.1	0 00	
March	17 954.7	3 736.3	2 945.5	6 410.0	1 763.1	4 716.0	7 046.2	44 634.5
June	18 129.9	3 783.8	2 990.6	6 719.6	1 772.4	4 917.9	7 137.9	45 422.5
September	18 503.9	3 851.8	3 016.5	7 070.2	1 904.3	5 112.9	7 333.6	46 793.1
December	18 589.6	3 885.9	3 113.8	7 303.8	2 000.1	5 262.4	7 612.4	47 768.0
2004								
March	18 786.9	3 985.1	3 157.7	7 594.9	1 984.4	5 203.1	7 562.1	48 274.1
June	19 223.7	4 092.2	3 266.5	7 702.9	2 003.4	5 180.6	7 627.2	49 096.4
			TREND EST	IMATES (\$ million)			
			INCIND LOI	TWATES (Ψ ΙΙΙΙΙΙΙΙΟΙΙ)			
2002								
June	17 798.3	3 539.1	2 849.5	6 111.8	1 826.8	4 550.0	6 869.9	43 537.5
September	17 969.1	3 587.2	2 886.3	6 243.9	1 833.3	4 566.6	6 965.8	44 044.3
December	18 006.8	3 654.6	2 923.8	6 321.0	1 792.7	4 620.0	7 002.0	44 323.0
2003								
March	18 043.1	3 727.6	2 955.6	6 464.7	1 766.1	4 739.0	7 035.7	44 743.1
June	18 179.0	3 789.4	2 984.8	6 723.4	1 803.7	4 923.0	7 165.6	45 574.6
September	18 387.7	3 840.0	3 031.6	7 033.5	1 891.9	5 106.4	7 360.1	46 647.5
December 2004	18 625.3	3 910.0	3 100.0	7 319.1	1 964.1	5 200.7	7 510.7	47 618.0
March	18 865.4	3 989.0	3 174.9	7 547.8	1 999.9	5 221.9	7 601.1	48 398.1
June	19 113.6	4 043.3	3 240.9	7 735.6	2 006.2	5 221.9 5 207.6	7 601.1 7 642.7	48 398.1
Julie	19 113.0	4 043.3	3 240.9	1 133.0	2 000.2	5 201.0	1 042.1	45 040.3

⁽a) Reference year for chain volume measures is 2002–03. See (b) See paragraph 5 of the Explanatory Notes. paragraph 31 of the Explanatory Notes.



Quarter	Food retailing	Department stores	Clothing and soft good retailing	Household good retailing	Recreational good retailing	Other retailing	Hospitality and services	Total
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •				receding q		• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •
2002		ORIGINAL	. (/o Cilaii)	ge mom p	recearing q	uarter)		
2002	0.0	16.2	10.0	0.5	0.0	4.3	1.6	3.4
June	-0.9 2.5	16.3 -5.7	10.0 -2.8	8.5 2.7	-0.9 7.6	4.3 2.6	1.6 5.6	2.2
September December	2.5 7.9	–5. <i>1</i> 57.9	-2.8 26.5	2.7 17.0	7.6 14.6	2.6 25.6	5.6 4.8	15.8
2003	1.9	51.9	20.5	17.0	14.0	25.0	4.0	13.6
March	-7.3	-38.7	-23.3	-15.3	-20.2	-22.3	-6.6	-14.9
June	-0.2	19.0	11.9	5.0	-2.0	7.4	0.2	3.5
September	2.9	-5.5	-4.2	9.7	13.3	6.2	5.7	3.9
December	8.0	52.6	28.8	17.8	26.3	28.2	10.8	17.5
2004	0.0	32.0	20.0	11.0	20.0	20.2	10.0	17.5
March	-5.0	-37.4	-21.8	-12.1	-19.0	-24.4	-8.3	-13.8
June	0.3	19.4	13.1	0.8	-2.5	1.9	-0.6	2.4
Julio	0.0						0.0	
• • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •				• • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •
	SEAS	ONALLY AD	JUSTED (9	% change	from prece	eding quar	rter)	
2002								
June	1.5	1.2	-1.3	7.0	1.6	0.3	2.6	2.0
September	1.2	0.7	3.1	-0.7	2.6	0.1	2.2	1.1
December	0.2	2.6	1.4	2.4	-5.1	1.4	-1.4	0.4
2003								
March	-0.6	2.1	0.3	1.1	-0.6	2.1	1.5	0.7
June	1.0	1.3	1.5	4.8	0.5	4.3	1.3	1.8
September	2.1	1.8	0.9	5.2	7.4	4.0	2.7	3.0
December	0.5	0.9	3.2	3.3	5.0	2.9	3.8	2.1
2004								
March	1.1	2.6	1.4	4.0	-0.8	-1.1	-0.7	1.1
June	2.3	2.7	3.4	1.4	1.0	-0.4	0.9	1.7
	TRI	END ESTIM	ATES (% o	change fro	om precedi	ng quarte	r)	
2002								
June	1.4	1.1	1.6	4.0	3.0	0.5	1.3	1.7
September	1.0	1.4	1.3	2.2	0.4	0.4	1.4	1.2
December	0.2	1.9	1.3	1.2	-2.2	1.2	0.5	0.6
2003								
March	0.2	2.0	1.1	2.3	-1.5	2.6	0.5	0.9
June	0.8	1.7	1.0	4.0	2.1	3.9	1.8	1.9
September	1.1	1.3	1.6	4.6	4.9	3.7	2.7	2.4
December	1.3	1.8	2.3	4.1	3.8	1.8	2.0	2.1
2004								
March	1.3	2.0	2.4	3.1	1.8	0.4	1.2	1.6

⁽a) Reference year for chain volume measures is 2002–03. See (b) See paragraph 5 of the Explanatory Notes. paragraph 31 of the Explanatory Notes.



QUARTERLY TURNOVER, Chain Volume Measures(a)—by State

	New South			South	Western		Northern	Australian Capital	
Quarter	Wales	Victoria	Queensland	Australia	Australia	Tasmania	Territory	Territory	Australia
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •
			OR	IGINAL (\$	million)				
2002									
June	14 532.8	10 167.4	7 786.9	3 180.9	4 142.4	861.0	441.8	860.7	41 974.5
September	14 937.9	10 239.7	8 180.1	3 271.3	4 099.1	835.1	477.7	850.3	42 890.9
December	17 272.1	11 870.5	9 329.4	3 775.8	4 936.2	1 014.4	463.7	986.0	49 648.2
2003									
March	14 640.4	10 156.6	7 965.8	3 190.6	4 172.7	877.2	392.9	845.5	42 241.8
June	15 070.8	10 487.5	8 320.9	3 323.3	4 278.9	899.1	435.5	904.2	43 720.3
September	15 570.0	10 787.3	8 991.4	3 309.3	4 431.0	940.8	487.0	906.8	45 423.6
December	18 211.2	12 859.3	10 522.2	3 936.6	5 216.2	1 136.1	487.8	1 014.4	53 383.8
2004									
March	15 415.1	11 233.5	9 103.5	3 399.6	4 578.2	1 002.5	411.4	863.1	46 006.9
June	15 937.1	11 299.6	9 372.4	3 467.9	4 673.4	1 000.6	473.3	892.9	47 117.2
							• • • • • • •		
			SEASONAL	LY ADJUS	TED (\$mi	llion)			
2002									
June	15 115.3	10 574.0	8 118.6	3 300.8	4 323.9	896.1	448.2	883.3	43 639.8
September	15 115.5	10 616.6	8 319.1	3 383.7	4 267.4	882.2	445.9	868.7	44 131.4
December	15 439.3	10 539.6	8 372.0	3 365.6	4 382.0	902.2	437.2	886.3	44 312.8
2003	10 100.0	10 000.0	0012.0	0 000.0	1 002.0	002.2	101.2	000.0	11012.0
March	15 506.5	10 693.4	8 435.9	3 370.6	4 377.0	907.8	444.0	903.0	44 634.5
June	15 666.8	10 904.7	8 669.2	3 441.1	4 460.5	933.5	442.6	927.9	45 422.5
September	16 020.9	11 218.9	9 148.6	3 428.8	4 600.5	992.7	454.7	928.0	46 793.1
December	16 288.2	11 444.7	9 462.5	3 521.4	4 657.6	1 016.0	461.7	915.9	47 768.0
2004									
March	16 227.7	11 734.6	9 582.6	3 566.0	4 757.9	1 029.2	461.4	914.8	48 274.1
June	16 596.8	11 781.5	9 795.8	3 597.1	4 882.8	1 042.1	481.8	918.6	49 096.4
			TREND	ESTIMATE	S (\$milli	on)			
			INCIND	LOTTIMATE	Ο (ΨΙΙΙΙΙΙΙ	011)			
2002									
June	15 094.1	10 509.9	8 127.9	3 311.0	4 288.6	885.8	444.7	877.1	43 537.5
September	15 293.3	10 582.2	8 271.2	3 357.5	4 317.7	891.8	444.8	877.7	44 044.3
December	15 415.4	10 604.0	8 356.8	3 376.3	4 343.5	895.8	441.7	886.3	44 323.0
2003	45 500 5	40.000 =	0.470.0		4 000 0	044 =		00=0	
March	15 529.5	10 699.5	8 479.0	3 389.3	4 396.3	911.5	441.1	905.3	44 743.1
June	15 735.0	10 913.4	8 737.5	3 413.1	4 477.9	943.8	446.1	921.7	45 574.6
September	15 977.7 16 192.5	11 199.2	9 091.2 9 399.0	3 458.1 3 509.1	4 568.5	981.7 1 013.2	452.4 450.5	925.2 920.5	46 647.5
December 2004	10 19∠.5	11 459.4	9 399.0	3 509.1	4 671.3	1 013.2	459.5	920.5	47 618.0
March	16 363.8	11 669.7	9 623.0	3 558.9	4 768.1	1 031.6	467.7	916.4	48 398.1
June	16 503.8	11 820.4	9 790.5	3 603.5	4 855.2	1 031.6	467.7 476.2	916.4 915.4	48 398.1
Julie	10 303.9	11 020.4	9 190.5	3 003.3	4 000.2	1 000.9	410.2	313.4	40 040.S

⁽a) Reference year for chain volume measures is 2002–03. See paragraph 31 of the Explanatory Notes.



	New							Australian	
	South			South	Western	_	Northern	Capital	
Quarter	Wales	Victoria	Queensland	Australia	Australia	Tasmania	Territory	Territory	Australia
	• • • • • • •								
		ORIG	INAL (%ch	ange from	precedi	ng quarte	r)		
2002									
June	3.6	3.8	3.3	2.9	1.5	0.9	13.2	4.6	3.4
September	2.8	0.7	5.0	2.8	-1.0	-3.0	8.1	-1.2	2.2
December	15.6	15.9	14.0	15.4	20.4	21.5	-2.9	16.0	15.8
2003									
March	-15.2	-14.4	-14.6	-15.5	-15.5	-13.5	-15.3	-14.2	-14.9
June	2.9	3.3	4.5	4.2	2.5	2.5	10.9	6.9	3.5
September	3.3	2.9	8.1	-0.4	3.6	4.6	11.8	0.3	3.9
December	17.0	19.2	17.0	19.0	17.7	20.8	0.2	11.9	17.5
2004									
March	-15.4	-12.6	-13.5	-13.6	-12.2	-11.8	-15.7	-14.9	-13.8
June	3.4	0.6	3.0	2.0	2.1	-0.2	15.0	3.4	2.4
	SEA	SONALL	Y ADJUSTE	D (%chan	ge from r	preceding	quarter)		
0000				,	,	J	, ,		
2002	4.0	0.5	0.4	4.0	4.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	0.0
June	1.8	2.5	2.1	1.6	1.9	2.5	2.3	0.5	2.0
September	1.3	0.4	2.5	2.5	-1.3	-1.6	-0.5	-1.7	1.1
December 2003	0.9	-0.7	0.6	-0.5	2.7	2.3	-2.0	2.0	0.4
	0.4	1.5	0.8	0.1	-0.1	0.6	1.6	1.9	0.7
March June	1.0	2.0	0.8 2.8	2.1	-0.1 1.9	2.8	-0.3	2.8	1.8
September	2.3	2.0	2.o 5.5	-0.4	3.1	6.3	-0.3 2.7	0.0	3.0
December	2.3 1.7	2.9	3.4	-0.4 2.7	1.2	2.3	1.5	-1.3	2.1
2004	1.7	2.0	3.4	2.1	1.2	2.3	1.5	-1.3	2.1
March	-0.4	2.5	1.3	1.3	2.2	1.3	-0.1	-0.1	1.1
June	2.3	0.4	2.2	0.9	2.6	1.3	4.4	0.4	1.7
Julie	2.5							0.4	1.7
• • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •							• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •
	Ţ	REND ES	STIMATES	%change	from pre	ceding qu	iarter)		
2002									
June	1.5	1.6	2.2	2.5	1.1	1.5	1.4	0.2	1.7
September	1.3	0.7	1.8	1.4	0.7	0.7	0.0	0.1	1.2
December	0.8	0.2	1.0	0.6	0.6	0.4	-0.7	1.0	0.6
2003									
March	0.7	0.9	1.5	0.4	1.2	1.8	-0.1	2.1	0.9
June	1.3	2.0	3.0	0.7	1.9	3.5	1.1	1.8	1.9
September	1.5	2.6	4.0	1.3	2.0	4.0	1.4	0.4	2.4
December	1.3	2.3	3.4	1.5	2.2	3.2	1.6	-0.5	2.1
2004									
March	1.1	1.8	2.4	1.4	2.1	1.8	1.8	-0.4	1.6
June	0.9	1.3	1.7	1.3	1.8	0.7	1.8	-0.1	1.3

⁽a) Reference year for chain volume measures is 2002–03. See paragraph 31 of the Explanatory Notes.

EXPLANATORY NOTES

INTRODUCTION

- **1** This publication presents monthly estimates of the value of turnover of retail businesses classified by industry, and by state and territory. The principal objective of the series is to show month to month movement of turnover.
- **2** Estimates of turnover contained in this publication are compiled from the Retail Business survey. Following a new sample design introduced in the July 2004 issue, the survey includes about 4,350 retail and selected service businesses. All 'large' businesses are included in the survey, while a sample of about 3,500 'smaller' businesses is selected. The 'large' business' contribution of approximately 55% of the total estimate ensures a highly reliable Australian total turnover estimate.

SCOPE AND COVERAGE

- **3** The scope of the Retail Business survey is all employing businesses with at least one retail outlet. Like most ABS economic surveys, the frame used for the Retail Business survey is taken from the ABS Business Register which includes registrations to the Australian Taxation Office's (ATO) Pay As You Go Withholding (PAYGW) scheme. Each statistical unit (as defined below) included on the ABS Business Register is classified to the Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification (ANZSIC) industry in which it mainly operates. The frame is supplemented with information about businesses which are classified as non-retail but which have significant retail activity.
- **4** The frame is updated quarterly to take account of new businesses, businesses which have ceased employing, changes in industry and other general business changes. The estimates include an allowance for the time it takes a newly registered business to get on to the survey frame. Businesses which have ceased employing are identified when the ATO cancels their Australian Business Number (ABN) and/or PAYGW registration. In addition, businesses with less than 50 employees, and which do not remit under the PAYGW scheme in each of the previous five quarters are removed from the frame.
- **5** The following industries included in the survey are as defined in ANZSIC:
 - Food Retailing

Supermarkets and grocery stores (5110) and non-petrol sales of convenience stores of selected petrol stations

Takeaway food retailing (5125)

Other food retailing

Fresh meat, fish and poultry retailing (5121)

Fruit and vegetable retailing (5122)

Liquor retailing (5123)

Bread and cake retailing (5124)

Specialised food retailing n.e.c. (5129)

- Department Stores (5210)
- Clothing and Soft Good Retailing

Clothing retailing (5221)

Footwear, fabric and other soft good retailing

Footwear retailing (5222)

Fabric and other soft good retailing (5223)

Household Good Retailing

Furniture and floor covering retailing

Furniture retailing (5231)

Floor covering retailing (5232)

Domestic hardware and houseware retailing (5233)

Domestic appliance and recorded music retailing

Domestic appliance retailing (5234)

Recorded music retailing (5235)

SCOPE AND COVERAGE continued

Recreational Good Retailing

Newspaper, book and stationery retailing (5243)

Other recreational goods retailing

Sport and camping equipment retailing (5241)

Toy and game retailing (5242)

Photographic equipment retailing (5244)

Other Retailing

Pharmaceutical, cosmetic and toiletry retailing (5251)

Other retailing n.e.c.

Antique and used good retailing (5252)

Garden supplies retailing (5253)

Flower retailing (5254)

Watch and jewellery retailing (5255)

Retailing n.e.c. (5259)

Hospitality and Services

Hotels and licensed clubs

Pubs, taverns and bars (5720)

Clubs (Hospitality) (5740)

Cafes and restaurants (5730)

Selected services

Video hire outlets (9511)

Hairdressing and beauty salons (9526).

STATISTICAL UNITS DEFINED ON THE ABS BUSINESS REGISTER

- **6** The ABS uses an economic statistics units model on the ABS Business Register to describe the characteristics of businesses, and the structural relationships between related businesses. The units model is also used to break groups of related businesses into relatively homogeneous components that can provide data to the ABS.
- **7** In mid 2002, to better use the information available as a result of The New Tax System, the ABS changed its economic statistics units model. The new units model allocates businesses to one of two sub-populations. The vast majority of businesses are in what is called the ATO Maintained Population, while the remaining businesses are in the ABS Maintained Population. Together, these two sub-populations make up the ABS Business Register population.

ATO Maintained Population

8 Most businesses and organisations in Australia need to obtain an ABN, and are then included on the ATO Australian Business Register. Most of these businesses have simple structures; therefore the unit registered for an ABN will satisfy ABS statistical requirements. For these businesses, the ABS has aligned its statistical units structure with the ABN unit. The businesses with simple structures constitute the ATO Maintained Population, and the ABN unit is used as the statistical unit for all economic collections.

ABS Maintained Population

9 For the population of businesses where the ABN unit is not suitable for ABS statistical requirements, the ABS maintains its own units structure through direct contact with each business. These businesses constitute the ABS Maintained Population. This population consists typically of large, complex and diverse businesses. The new statistical units model described below has been introduced to cover such businesses.

Enterprise Group: This is a unit covering all the operations in Australia of one or more legal entities under common ownership and/or control. It covers all the operations in Australia of legal entities which are related in terms of the current Corporations Law (as amended by the *Corporations Legislation Amendment Act 1991*), including legal entities such as companies, trusts, and partnerships. Majority ownership is not required for control to be exercised.

ABS Maintained Population continued

Enterprise: The enterprise is an institutional unit comprising (i) a single legal entity or business entity, or (ii) more than one legal entity or business entity within the same Enterprise Group and in the same institutional subsector (i.e. they are all classified to a single Standard Institutional Sector Classification of Australia subsector).

Type of Activity Unit (TAU): The TAU is comprised of one or more business entities, sub-entities or branches of a business entity within an Enterprise Group that can report production and employment data for similar economic activities. When a minimum set of data items are available, a TAU is created which covers all the operations within an industry subdivision (and the TAU is classified to the relevant subdivision of the ANZSIC). Where a business cannot supply adequate data for each industry, a TAU is formed which contains activity in more than one industry subdivision.

- **10** For more information on the impacts of the introduction of the new economic statistics units model, refer to *Information Paper: Improvements in ABS Economic Statistics [Arising from the New Tax System]* (cat. no. 1372.0).
- **11** Prior to the July 2002 reference month, the Retail Business survey used the management unit as the statistical unit. From the July 2002 reference month onwards, the statistical unit is the ABN unit for businesses with simple structures, and the TAU for businesses with complex structures. In most cases, ABN/TAU units concord with the management units previously used.
- The survey is conducted monthly by both telephone interview and a questionnaire mailed to businesses. The businesses included in the survey are selected by random sample from a frame stratified by state, industry and business size. Following the new sample design introduced in the July 2004 issue, the survey uses annualised turnover as the measure of business size. For the ATO Maintained Population, the annualised turnover is based on the ATO's Business Activity Statement item Total sales and for the ABS Maintained Population a modelled annualised turnover is used. For stratification purposes the annualised turnover allocated to each business is not updated each quarter as to do so would result in increased volatility in the estimates.
- estimation methodology which replaced ratio estimation. For estimation purposes the annualised turnover allocated to each business is updated each quarter. The introduction of the new sample design and new estimation methodology resulted in changes to the level of the Retail Trade series. However, to facilitate comparisons over time, the historical series were revised to make the time series of estimates as continuous as possible. For more information about the changes introduced in the July 2004 issue refer to *Information Paper: Changes to the Retail Trade Series* (cat. no. 8501.0.55.002) which is available from the ABS web site http://www.abs.gov.au.
- **14** In the first month of each quarter, some businesses in the sample are replaced, at random, by other businesses so that the reporting load can be spread across smaller retailers.
- **15** Most businesses can provide turnover on a calendar month basis and this is how the data are presented. When businesses cannot provide turnover on a calendar month basis, the reported data and the period they relate to are used to estimate turnover for the calendar month.
- **16** Most retailers operate in a single state/territory. For this reason, estimates of turnover by state/territory are only collected from the larger retailers which are included in the survey each month. These retailers are asked to provide turnover for sales from each state/territory in which the business operates. Turnover for the smaller businesses is allocated to the state of their head office or main outlet.

SURVEY METHODOLOGY

DEFINITION OF TURNOVER

- 17 Turnover includes retail sales; wholesale sales; takings from repairs, meals and hiring of goods (except for rent, leasing and hiring of land and buildings); commissions from agency activity (e.g. commissions received from collecting dry cleaning, selling lottery tickets, etc.); and net takings from gaming machines etc. From July 2000, turnover includes the Goods and Service Tax.
- 18 Turnover presented in the Retail Trade series includes net proceeds from licensed gambling activities undertaken in the Hotels and licensed clubs industry. The impact of net proceeds from gambling on movements in the Retail Trade series was discussed in a feature article 'Contribution of gambling to retail estimates' included in the December 2002 issue of this publication. The article concluded that net proceeds from gambling had not had a significant impact on quarterly movements for the series but net proceeds from gambling had increased over time and users should be aware of this when interpreting the series. For June quarter 2004, net proceeds from gambling was 3.6% of the Total Retail seasonally adjusted series and 38.9% of the turnover of Hotels and licensed clubs. This is consistent with the contributions over the previous two years. All state contributions were also similar to previous periods.

SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT

- 19 Seasonally adjusted estimates are derived by estimating and removing systematic calendar related effects from the original series. In the Retail trade series, these calendar related effects are known as seasonal (e.g. increased spending in December as a result of Christmas) and trading day influences (arising from the varying length of each month and the varying number of Sundays, Mondays, Tuesdays, etc. in each month). Each influence is estimated by separate seasonal and trading day factors which, when combined, are referred to as the combined adjustment factors.
- 20 The seasonally adjusted estimates also have an allowance for an Easter proximity effect, which is caused when Easter falls late in March or early in April. This effect, when present, is combined with the seasonal and trading day factors to form the combined adjustment factors. There is also a similar allowance for the variable timing of Father's Day. See the Appendix of the July 2001 and August 2002 issues respectively of this publication for more information.
- **21** The Retail series uses a concurrent seasonal adjustment methodology to derive the combined adjustment factors. This means that data from the current month are used in estimating seasonal and trading day factors for the current and previous months. For more information see *Information Paper: Introduction of Concurrent Seasonal Adjustment into the Retail Trade Series* (cat. no. 8514.0).

22 Concurrent adjustment can result in revisions each month to estimates for earlier periods. However, in most instances, the only noticeable revisions will be to the combined adjustment factors for the current month, the previous month and the same month a year ago. The following table shows how the combined adjustment factor for these months, at the total Australian Retail and Hospitality/Services level, evolved under the concurrent seasonal adjustment methodology. The table presents two different estimates of the combined adjustment factors. The first row gives the combined adjustment factors estimated following the last annual reanalysis in September 2004 using data up to and including the July 2004 reference month. The second row gives the most recent combined adjustment factors estimated and used in this month's calculation of the concurrent seasonally adjusted series.

COMBINED ADJUSTMENT FACTORS

	Aug 2003	Jul 2004	Aug 2004
Factors as estimated at last reanalysis (July 2004 reference month)	0.97010	0.98463	0.95826
Factors as estimated with current month's data (August 2004 reference month)	0.96865	0.98728	0.95552

- 23 The revision properties of the seasonally adjusted and trend estimates can be improved by the use of Autoregressive Integrated Moving Average (ARIMA) modelling. ARIMA modelling relies on the characteristics of the series being analysed to project future period data. The projected values are temporary, intermediate values, that are only used internally to improve the estimation of the seasonal factors. The projected data do not affect the original estimates and are discarded at the end of the seasonal adjustment process. The retail collection uses ARIMA modelling where appropriate for individual time series. The ARIMA model is assessed as part of the annual reanalysis and following the 2004 annual reanalysis 93% of Retail series use an ARIMA model. For more information on the details of ARIMA modelling see *Feature article: Use of ARIMA modelling to reduce revisions* in the October 2004 issue of *Australian Economic Indicators* (cat. no. 1350.0).
- **24** The seasonal adjustment methodology is able to produce combined adjustment factors for future months. The latest factors for some future months are shown in the following table. While these factors represent the best current estimate, the actual factors used for estimating the seasonally adjusted estimates in these months will differ because they will incorporate subsequent months' data as they become available.

COMBINED ADJUSTMENT FACTORS

		• • • • • • • •		• • • • • •
	Sep	Oct	Nov	
	2004	2004	2004	
Factors as estimated with current month's data (August 2004 reference month)	0.97395	1.02187	1.03439	

25 The seasonal and trading day factors are reviewed annually at a more detailed level than possible in the monthly processing cycle. The annual reanalysis will not normally result in significant changes. For Retail Trade, the results of the latest review are shown in the August 2004 issue.

SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT continued

TREND ESTIMATES

- **26** In the seasonal adjustment process, both the seasonal and trading day factors evolve over time to reflect changes in spending and trading patterns. Examples of this evolution include the slow move in spending from December to January; and, increased trading activity on weekends and public holidays. The seasonally adjusted estimates still reflect the sampling and non-sampling errors to which the original estimates are subject.
- **27** As a result of the different treatment of Australian and state totals in the seasonal adjustment process, the Australian total for an industry group may not necessarily equal the sum of the state totals for that industry group.
- 28 The monthly trend estimates are derived by applying a 13-term Henderson moving average to the seasonally adjusted estimates (7-term for quarterly series). The Henderson moving average is symmetric, but as the end of a time series is approached, asymmetric forms of the moving average have to be applied. The asymmetric moving averages have been tailored to suit the particular characteristics of individual series and enable trend estimates for recent periods to be produced. Estimates of the trend will be improved at the current end of the time series as additional observations become available. This improvement is due to the combined effect of the concurrent seasonal adjustment methodology and the application of different asymmetric moving averages for the most

recent six months (or three quarters). As a result of the improvement, most revisions to the trend estimates will be observed for the most recent six months (or three quarters).

- **29** Trend estimates are used to analyse the underlying behaviour of the series over time. As a result of the introduction of The New Tax System, a break in the monthly trend series has been inserted between June and July 2000. Care should therefore be taken if comparisons span this period. For more details refer to the Appendix in the December 2000 issue of this publication.
- **30** For further information on trend estimates, see *Information Paper: A Guide to Interpreting Time Series Monitoring Trends, 2003* (cat. no. 1349.0) or contact the Assistant Director, Time Series Analysis on Canberra (02) 6252 6345 or by email at <timeseries@abs.gov.au>.

CHAIN VOLUME MEASURES

31 The chain volume measures of retail turnover appearing in the quarterly issue of this publication are annually reweighted chain Laspeyres indexes referenced to current price values in a chosen reference year. The reference year is advanced in each June issue and is currently 2002–03. Each year's data in the Retail chain volume series are based on the prices of the previous year, except for the quarters of the latest incomplete year. Data for the 2004–05 financial year will initially be based upon price data for the 2002–03 financial year. Comparability with previous years is achieved by linking (or chaining) the series together to form a continuous time series. While current price estimates reflect both price and volume changes, chain volume estimates measure changes in value after the direct effects of price changes have been eliminated and hence only reflect volume changes. Further information on the nature and concepts of chain volume measures is contained in the ABS publication *Information Paper: Introduction of Chain Volume Measures in the Australian National Accounts* (cat. no. 5248.0).

RELIABILITY OF ESTIMATES

32 There are two types of error possible in estimates of retail turnover: Sampling error which occurs because a sample, rather than the entire population, is surveyed. One measure of the likely difference resulting from not including all establishments in the survey is given by the standard error, see below. Sampling error may be larger for the first month of each quarter, when some of the businesses in the sample are replaced by other businesses so that the reporting load can be spread across retailers.

RELIABILITY OF ESTIMATES continued

Non sampling error which arises from inaccuracies in collecting, recording and processing the data. The most significant of these errors are: misreporting of data items; deficiencies in coverage; non-response; and processing errors. Every effort is made to minimise reporting error by the careful design of questionnaires, intensive training and supervision of interviewers, and efficient data processing procedures.

STANDARD ERRORS

- **33** Seasonally adjusted and trend estimates and chain volume measures are also subject to sampling variability. For seasonally adjusted estimates, the standard errors are approximately the same as for the original estimates. For trend estimates, the standard errors are likely to be smaller. For chain volume measures, the standard errors may be up to 10% higher than those for the corresponding current price estimates because of the sampling variability contained in the prices data used to deflate the current price estimates.
- **34** Standard errors for the Australian estimates (original data) for August 2004 contained in this publication are:

Data Series	Estimate	Standard error
Level of retail turnover (\$m) Change from preceding month (\$m) % change from preceding month (%)	15 829.7 -490.1 -3.0	122.8 42.5 0.3

- **35** Estimates for sampled businesses in the first month of each quarter can be influenced by the quarterly rotation of sampled businesses. The aim of the rotation is to spread the reporting load across retailers and to ensure the sample remains representative of the population. At times, the businesses rotated into the sample can perform differently from the businesses they replace or those already in the sample. The potential impact of the quarterly rotation is reflected in the sampling errors for the relevant months.
- **36** Estimates, in original terms, that have an estimated relative standard error (RSE) between 10% and 25% are annotated with the symbol '^'. These estimates should be used with caution as they are subject to sampling variability too high for some purposes. Estimates with an RSE between 25% and 50% are annotated with the symbol '*', indicating that the estimates should be used with caution as they are subject to sampling variability too high for most practical purposes. Estimates with an RSE greater than 50% are annotated with the symbol '**' indicating that the sampling variability causes the estimates to be considered too unreliable for general use.
- **37** To further assist users in assessing the reliability of estimates, key data series has been given a grading of A to E. Where:
 - A represents a relative standard error on level of less than 2%. The published estimates are highly reliable for movement analysis
 - B represents a relative standard error on level between 2% and 5%, meaning the estimate is reliable for movement analysis purposes
 - C represents a relative standard error on level between 5% and 10%, meaning users are advised to exercise some caution in interpreting movements for such series
 - D represents a relative standard error on level between 10% and 15% meaning users are advised to exercise caution in interpreting movements for such series
- E represents a relative standard error on level greater than 15% (mainly affects unpublished state by industry series).
- **38** The table below provides an indicator of reliability for key retail turnover estimates.

STANDARD ERRORS continued

	Food retailing	Depart -ment Stores	Clothing & soft good retailing	House -hold good retailing	Recrea -tional good retailing	Other retailing	Hospit -ality & services	Total
NSW	В	Α	В	С	С	С	В	Α
Vic.	В	Α	С	С	С	С	В	Α
Qld	В	Α	В	С	D	С	С	В
SA	В	Α	В	С	С	С	С	В
WA	В	Α	В	С	D	D	С	В
Tas.	В	np	С	С	D	np	С	В
NT	В	np	С	С	Е	np	С	В
ACT	В	Α	В	С	С	С	С	В
Aust.	Α	Α	В	В	В	В	В	Α

np not available for publication but included in totals where applicable, unless otherwise indicated

ABS DATA AVAILABLE ON REQUEST

39 Retail Survey Special Data Service provides additional retail trade statistics which include further state industry dissections through to 'top ten' industry reports. For more information, contact the Retail Trade Special Data Services manager on Canberra (02) 6252 5220.

RELATED PUBLICATIONS

40 Current publications and other products released by the ABS are listed in the *Catalogue of Publications and Products* (cat. no. 1101.0). The Catalogue is available from any ABS office or the ABS web site http://www.abs.gov.au. The ABS also issues a daily Release Advice on the web site which details products to be released in the week ahead.

ABBREVIATIONS

ABN Australian Business Number

ABS Australian Bureau of Statistics

ANZSIC Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification

ARIMA autoregressive integrated moving average

ATO Australian Taxation Office

n.e.c. not elsewhere classified

PAYGW pay-as-you-go withholding

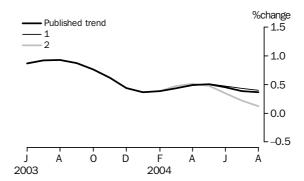
RSE relative standard error

TAU type of activity unit

TECHNICAL NOTE REVISIONS TO TREND ESTIMATES

EFFECT OF NEW SEASONALLY
ADJUSTED ESTIMATES ON
TREND ESTIMATES

- 1 The most recent trend estimates published in this release are likely to be revised when next month's seasonally adjusted estimates become available. To assist readers of this publication in analysing retail trends, the approximate effect of the two possible scenarios on the previous trend estimates of the percentage change in total retail turnover for Australia are presented below. For more information see the trend estimates section of the Explanatory Notes.
 - 1 The September seasonally adjusted estimate of retail turnover is 1.0% higher than the August estimate.
 - 2 The September seasonally adjusted estimate of retail turnover is 1.0% lower than the August estimate.



TECHNICAL NOTE

2 Under concurrent seasonal adjustment, the most recent seasonally adjusted and trend estimates are likely to be revised when original estimates for subsequent months become available. The trend revision is a combined result of the revision of the seasonally adjusted estimates and the revision derived from the use of asymmetric moving averages as future data become available (for more information, refer to paragraph 27 in the Explanatory Notes). ABS research shows that about 75% of the total revision to the trend estimate at the current end of the time series is due to the use of different asymmetric moving averages when the original estimate for the next time period becomes available. To assess the reliability of the trend estimate at the current end, the 'what-if' chart presents trend estimates under two different scenarios of the next time period. The chart shows only the impact due to the changes of the asymmetric moving averages and does not include the unknown impact of revision to seasonal factor estimates that would arise when the original estimate for the next time period becomes available.

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